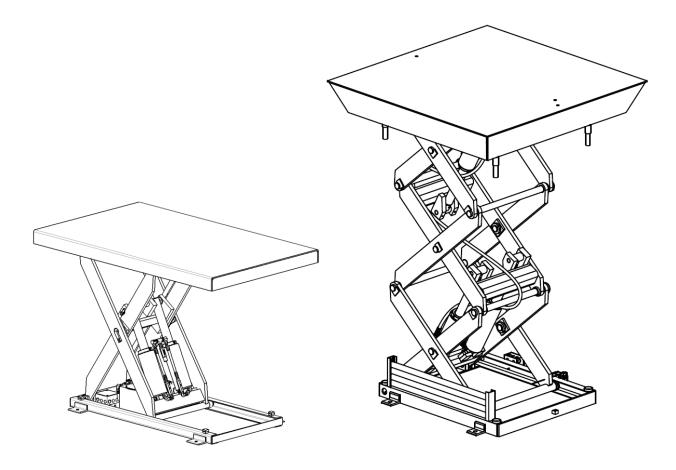
### INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND SERVICE MANUAL

**TORK LIFT** 



### T1/T2/T3/T4 - Models



1058 West Industrial Avenue • Guthrie, OK 73044-1058 • 888-811-9876 405-282-5200 • FAX: 405-282-3302 • <u>www.autoquip.com</u>

> VERSION 4 May 14, 2020

Item #830AMT

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## INTRODUCTION AND WARRANTY

#### **1.1 Introduction**

Please read and understand this manual prior to installation or operation of this lift. Failure to do so could lead to property damage and/or serious personal injury. If you have any questions, call a local dealer or Autoquip Corporation at 888-811-9876 or 405-282-5200.

Please record the following information and refer to it when calling your dealer or Autoquip.

Model Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Serial Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Installation Date \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_/

#### 1.1.1 <u>Identification</u>

When ordering parts or requesting information or service on this lift, PLEASE REFER TO THE MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER. This information is on a nameplate attached to the leg assembly. Replacement parts are available from a local Autoquip distributor.

#### 1.1.2 <u>Inspection</u>

Upon receipt of lift, perform a visual inspection to determine that lift not been damaged in transit. Any damage found must be noted on delivery receipt. In addition to this preliminary inspection, carefully inspect lift for concealed damage. Any concealed damage found that was not noted on delivery receipt must be reported in writing to the delivering carrier within 48 hours.

Use the following checklist for inspection of lift:

1. Examine entire unit for any signs of mishandling. Carefully check power unit and push buttons.

- 2. Thoroughly examine all connections, making sure they have not vibrated loose during transit, and inspect wiring for any signs of damage.
- 3. After installation, raise lift and inspect base frame, platform, scissors assembly, and cylinder plumbing connections.

#### 1.1.3 <u>Planned Maintenance Program</u>

A local *Autoquip* representative provides a Planned Maintenance Program (PMP) for this equipment using factory-trained personnel. Call a local representative or *Autoquip Corporation* at 1-888-811-9876 or 405-282-5200 for more information.

## INTRODUCTION AND WARRANTY

### 1.2 Responsibility of Owners/Users

### 1.2.1 <u>Deflection</u>

It is the responsibility of user/purchaser to advise manufacturer where deflection may be critical to the application.

#### 1.2.2 <u>Inspection & Maintenance</u>

Lift must be inspected and maintained in accordance with this manual and with other applicable safe operating practices.

### 1.2.3 <u>Removal from Service</u>

Any lift not in safe operating condition such as, but not limited to, excessive leakage, missing parts or fasteners, any bent or cracked structural members, cut or frayed electric, hydraulic, or pneumatic lines, damaged or malfunctioning controls or safety devices, etc. shall be removed from service until it is repaired to the original manufacturer's standards.

### 1.2.4 <u>Repairs</u>

All repairs must be made by a qualified technician in conformance with Autoquip's instructions.

### 1.2.5 <u>Operators</u>

Only trained and authorized personnel shall be permitted to operate lift.

#### 1.2.6 <u>Before Operation</u>

Before using lift, operator must:

- Read and/or had explained, and understood, manufacturer's operating instructions and safety rules.
- Inspected lift for proper operation and condition. Any suspect item must be carefully examined and a determination made by a qualified person as to whether it constitutes a hazard. All items not in conformance with Autoquip's specification must be corrected before operating lift.

#### 1.2.7 <u>During Operation</u>

Use lift in accordance with Autoquip's manual.

- Do not overload lift.
- Verify all safety devices are operational and in place.
- Autoquip warrants this lift for 60,000 cycles each warranty year. This number of cycles represents normal, single shift duty. Exceeding this number of cycles shortens life of lift and length of your warranty.

#### 1.2.8 <u>Modifications or Alterations</u>

Modifications or alterations to this equipment may be made only with written permission of Autoquip. **Unauthorized modification or alteration will void warranty.** 

## INTRODUCTION AND WARRANTY

#### 1.3 Warranty

The user is solely responsible for using this equipment in a safe manner and observing all of the safety guidelines provided in the Owner's Manual and on the warning labels provided with the lift. If you are unable to locate either the manual or the warning labels, please contact Autoquip or access www.autoquip.com for replacement downloads or information.

Autoquip Corporation expressly warrants that this product will be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal, intended use for a period of Two (2) Years for Labor and all electrical, mechanical, and hydraulic components, parts or devices, and warrants the structure of the lift against breakage or failure for a period of Five (5) years. The warranty period begins from the date of shipment. When making a claim, immediately send your dealer or Autoquip notice of your claim. All claims must be received by Autoquip within the warranty time period. The maximum liability of Autoquip, under this Limited Warranty, is limited to the replacement of the equipment.

This warranty shall not apply to any Autoquip lift or parts of Autoquip lift that have been damaged or broken in transit/shipping, or due directly or indirectly to misuse, abuse, vehicle impact, negligence, faulty installation, fire, floods, acts of God, accidents, or that have been used in a manner contrary to the manufacturer's limitations or recommendations as stated in the manual, or that have been repaired, altered or modified in any manner outside of Autoquip Corp's manufacturing facility or which have not been expressly authorized by Autoquip.

Autoquip Corporation makes no warranty or representation with respect to the compliance of any equipment with state or local safety or product standard codes, and any failure to comply with such codes shall not be considered a defect of material or workmanship under this warranty. Autoquip Corporation shall not be liable for any direct or consequential damages resulting from such noncompliance.

Autoquip Corporation's obligation under this warranty is limited to the replacement or repair of defective components at its factory or another location at Autoquip Corp's discretion at no cost to the owner. This is owner's sole remedy. Replacement parts (with exception of electrical components) will be warranted for a period of ninety (90) days. Except as stated herein, Autoquip Corporation will not be liable for any loss, injury, or damage to persons or property, nor for direct, indirect, or consequential damage of any kind, resulting from failure or defective operation of said equipment. All parts used to replace defective material must be genuine Autoquip parts in order to be covered by this Limited Warranty.



AUTOQUIP CORP 1058 W. Industrial Ave Guthrie, OK 73044-1058 888.811.9876 / 405.282.5200 www.autoquip.com

### 2.1 T1 Models

Model	Cap. (Lbs.)	Travel (In.)	Lowered Height	Raised Height	Max End	Max Side	Std Min. Platform	Raise Time	No of	Ship Wt.
	(LUS.)	(111.)	(In.)	(In.)	Load (Lbs.)	Load (Lbs.)	(In.)	(sec)	Cyl	(Lbs.)
T36-022	2200	36	6.5	42.5	1100	1100	24 X 48	40	1	525
T36-044	4400	36	6.5	42.5	2200	2200	24 X 48	32	2	600
T36-060	6000	36	7	43	3000	3000	24 X 48	35	2	650
T1-36-080	8000	36	12	48	4000	4000	48 x 61	43	2	2150
T1-36-100	10000	36	14	50	5000	5000	36 x 64	47	2	2600
T1-36-120	12000	36	14	50	6000	6000	36 x 64	47	2	2800
T1-36-160	16000	36	16	52	8000	8000	36 x 72	39	2	3000
T1-36-300	30000	36	18	54	15000	15000	24 x 80	60	4	3200
T1-48-020	2000	48	8	56	1000	1000	30 x 72	55	1	1200
T1-48-040	4000	48	8	56	2000	2000	30 x 72	40	2	1250
T1-48-060	6000	48	9	57	3000	3000	30 x 72	52	2	1350
T1-48-080	8000	48	13.25	61.25	4000	4000	32 x 80	70	2	3200
T1-48-100	10000	48	15	63	5000	5000	42 x 82	70	2	3600
T1-48-120	12000	48	16	64	6000	6000	42 x 82	70	2	3600
T1-48-160	16000	48	16	64	8000	8000	42 x 82	97	3	3600
T1-48-200	20000	48	16	64	10000	10000	42 x 82	97	3	4400
T1-48-300	30000	48	18	66	15000	15000	44 x 84	46	4	6000
T1-60-025	2500	60	9.75	69.75	1250	1250	50 x 98	40	2	2100
T1-60-040	4000	60	9.75	69.75	2000	2000	48 x 84	40	2	2100
T1-60-060	6000	60	11.75	71.75	3000	3000	56 x 102	80	2	2300
T1-60-090	9000	60	14.5	74.5	4500	4500	56 x 102	80	2	3200
T1-60-120	12000	60	14.5	74.5	6000	6000	56 x 102	80	2	4000
T1-60-160	16000	60	15.5	75.5	8000	8000	64 x 104	80	4	5000
T1-60-200	20000	60	15.5	75.5	10000	10000	64 x 104	80	4	5600
T1-60-300	30000	60	18.5	78.5	15000	15000	64 x 104	75	4	6300
T1-72-020	2000	72	9.75	81.75	1000	1000	48 x 110	64	2	2300
T1-72-040	4000	72	11.25	83.25	2000	2000	48 x 110	45	1	2600
T1-72-060	6000	72	12.75	84.75	3000	3000	48 x 110	80	2	3400

### 2.2 T2 Models

Model	Cap. (Lbs.)	Travel (In.)	Lowered Height (In.)	Raised Height (In.)	Max End Load (Lbs.)	Max Side Load (Lbs.)	Std Min. Platform (In.)	Raise Time (sec)	No of Cyl	Ship Wt. (Lbs.)
T2-36-020	2000	36	10.5	46.5	1000	660	26 x 32	13	1	1800
T2-60-020	2000	60	11.5	71.5	1000	660	23 x 47.25	21	1	2000
T2-60-040	4000	60	11.75	71.75	2000	1320	33 x 47.25	42	2	2100
T2-72-020	2000	72	14	86	1000	660	47 x 56	26	1	1500
T2-72-040	4000	72	13.75	85.75	2000	1320	47 x 56	35	1	1600
T2-72-060	6000	72	16.75	88.75	3000	1980	35 x 56	35	1	2200
T2-72-080	8000	72	16.75	88.75	4000	2640	37 x 56	70	2	2800
T2-72-100	10000	72	18.125	90.125	5000	3300	45 x 57	71	2	3200
T2-84-100	10000	84	18.125	102.125	5000	3300	45 x 71	86	2	3500
T2-96-020	2000	96	15.125	111.125	1000	660	47 x 66	50	2	1600
T2-96-040	4000	96	16.75	112.75	2000	1320	42 x 76	40	2	1900
T2-96-060	6000	96	19.5	115.5	3000	1980	48 x 82	45	2	2200
T2-96-080	8000	96	19.5	115.5	4000	2640	48 x 80	45	2	2400
T2-120-020	2000	120	14.8125	134.8125	1000	660	46 x 94	40	2	1700
T2-120-040	4000	120	16.75	136.75	2000	1320	60 x 95	45	2	1900
T2-120-060	6000	120	20	140	3000	1980	48 x 96	55	2	2300
T2-144-020	2000	144	21	165	1000	660	72 x 96	45	2	1800
T2-144-040	4000	144	21	165	2000	1320	60 x 117	50	2	2100
T2-144-060	6000	144	21	165	3000	1980	60 x 117	65	2	2200

### 2.3 T3 Models

Model	Cap. (Lbs.)	Travel (In.)	Lowered Height (In.)	Raised Height (In.)	Max End Load (Lbs.)	Max Side Load (Lbs.)	Std Min. Platform (In.)	Raise Time (sec)	No of Cyl	Ship Wt. (Lbs.)
T3-48-040	4000	48	16.5	64.5	1600	1000	32 x 33	35	3	2725
T3-48-060	6000	48	19	67	2400	1500	34 x 34	35	3	2775
T3-60-020	2000	60	15.75	75.75	800	500	24 x 38.88	50	2	2695
T3-60-040	4000	60	17.0625	77.0625	1600	1000	32 x 39	40	3	2875
T3-60-060	6000	60	17.0625	77.0625	2400	1500	32 x 39	45	3	2950
T3-72-020	2000	72	15.75	87.75	800	500	30 x 44	60	2	2775
T3-72-040	4000	72	17.5625	89.5625	1600	1000	34 x 45	45	3	3050
T3-72-060	6000	72	18.4375	90.4375	2400	1500	32 x 45	50	3	3195
T3-84-020	2000	84	17.0625	101.0625	800	500	32 x 51	40	2	2950
T3-84-040	4000	84	19.5625	103.5625	1600	1000	40 x 58	55	3	3075
T3-84-060	6000	84	22	106	2400	1500	36 x 54	55	3	3395
T3-96-020	2000	96	17.0625	113.0625	800	500	38 x 56	40	2	3150
T3-96-040	4000	96	20.5625	116.5625	1600	1000	40 x 58	30	3	3595
T3-96-060	6000	96	21.25	117.25	2400	1500	46 x 59	45	4	3675
T3-108-020	2000	108	18.625	126.625	800	500	42 x 63	45	2	3150
T3-108-040	4000	108	22	130	1600	1000	48 x 64	35	3	3595
T3-108-060	6000	108	23.5	131.5	2400	1500	54 x 65	45	4	3675
T3-120-020	2000	120	18.5625	138.5625	800	500	48 x 69	50	2	3475
T3-120-040	4000	120	22.5625	142.5625	1600	1000	48 x 70	40	3	3875
T3-120-060	6000	120	22.5625	142.5625	2400	1500	56 x 70	55	4	3975
T3-132-020	2000	132	22	154	800	500	54 x 75	55	2	3825
T3-132-040	4000	132	25.0625	157.0625	1600	1000	56 x 77	60	2	3050
T3-132-060	6000	132	25.0625	157.0625	2400	1500	56 x 77	40	2	3175
T3-144-020	2000	144	22.5625	166.5625	800	500	56 x 81	35	2	3950
T3-144-040	4000	144	22.5625	166.5625	1600	1000	56 x 81	35	3	4200
T3-144-060	6000	144	25.75	169.75	2400	1500	48 x 82	45	2	4450

#### 2.4 Lift Specifications

Only standard models are shown in the specification table, there are many custom designs whose specifications may vary from these. Please consult the specific General Arrangement (GA) Drawing to obtain the specifications for application-specific designs.

#### 2.5 Load Capacity

Load capacity rating is stamped on a metal plate attached to lift. This figure is a net capacity rating for a lift furnished with a standard platform. If optional items are installed on lift after leaving manufacturer, deduct weight of these from load rating to obtain net capacity.

Do not exceed rated capacity of lift. Loading lift beyond its rated capacity is unsafe, will shorten operational life of lift, and will void warranty.

#### 2.6 Unbalanced Loading

The stabilization provided is basically for balanced loads. If special attachments extend beyond the length and/or width dimensions of platform, end and/or side load capacity is reduced 2% for each one-inch extension from center. If load is rolling onto platform (in any but fully-lowered position) end and/or side load capacity is reduced by a 50% impact factor (i.e., divide rated end/side load by 1.50 to establish an available "axle" load).

#### 2.7 Pump Pressure

This lift incorporates a unique, positive displacement pump. Therefore, standard factory models of same manufacture cannot replace it.

Pump can operate efficiently at intermittent pressures up to 2000 PSI and continuous duty to 1500 PSI. Factory installed safety relief valve in pump is factory-set to stay within parameters of pump and lift requirements.

#### 2.8 Lift Duty

Autoquip standard lifts typically include intermittent duty motors and are designed to "cycle" (one complete "up" and one complete "down" lift operation) no more frequently than every two minutes – or approximately 60,000 times (cycles) per year. This is considered "normal" duty.

It is the responsibility of the user to notify Autoquip whenever a specific application is likely to demand "above normal" duty from lift. Above normal duty typically requires supplemental design features to enhance serviceable life of lift and to avoid loss of warranty.

#### 3.1 Safety Signal Words

This Owner's Manual covers T2-T3 Torklift produced by Autoquip. Before installing, operating or servicing lift, you must read, understand and follow the instructions and safety warnings in this manual. Your lift may not be equipped with some optional equipment shown in this manual.

The safety information in this manual is denoted by the safety alert symbol:



The level of risk is indicated by the following signal words.

### 

**DANGER** – Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

### 

WARNING - Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

### 

**CAUTION** – Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

### NOTICE

**NOTICE** – Indicates a situation that could result in damage to the lift or other property.

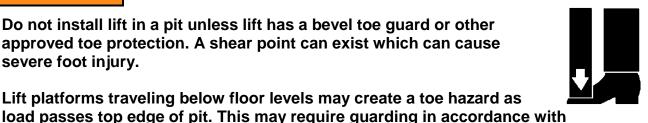
### **3.2 Installation**

### 

Do not install lift in a pit unless lift has a bevel toe guard or other approved toe protection. A shear point can exist which can cause severe foot injury.

Lift platforms traveling below floor levels may create a toe hazard as

Federal Regulations. Guarding must be installed prior to operating lift.



Prevent serious injury or death.

Minimum weight of lift will start at 1,500 lbs or higher.

Use a properly rated lifting device to move and install lift.

#### **3.3Operation**

### 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Scissor lifts are designed for a specific load and application. Do not change load or application from original design.

Overloading, or uneven loading, could result in load instability and cause serious personal injury.

Stay clear of lift while lift is in motion.

Never stand, sit or ride on lift.

### 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Lifts which travel to an elevation above floor level where distance between floor and the underside of lift platform exceeds 60" must have the scissors mechanism guarded per ANSI MH29.1.

#### **3.4 Hydraulics**

Fluids can be hazardous. Before servicing lift, check Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) to understand the product, safe handling procedures, and first aid measures relating to product. Follow this information when servicing or repairing lift.

Do not drain or pour any fluids or lubricants into ground. Check with local environmental agencies, recycling centers, or your Autoquip dealer for correct disposal information.

### 

Any time velocity fuses have been tripped, investigate cause of trip and verify necessary corrective actions have been taken prior to operation of lift.

### 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Do not attempt to remove Hydraulic Velocity Fuse (HVF) until maintenance device securely supports lift and all hydraulic pressure has been relieved.

Do not use a swivel fitting between HVF and cylinder. If HVF is installed improperly, it will not lock up in event of a hydraulic line failure.

### 

Pressurized fluids can penetrate the skin.

Hydraulic hoses can fail from age, damage and exposure.

Do not search for hydraulic leaks without body and face protection. A tiny, almost invisible leak can penetrate the skin, thereby requiring immediate medical attention.

Use wood or cardboard to detect hydraulic leaks, never your hands.

### 

Spilled fluids and lubricants may be slippery and may also present a fire hazard.

Clean up spilled fluids and lubricants.

#### 3.5 Maintenance

### 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Disconnect and/or lock out electrical supply to power unit prior to any maintenance being performed.

### 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Never go under lift platform until load is removed and scissors mechanism is securely blocked in raised position with maintenance devices.

#### **3.6 Modifications**

**▲ WARNING** 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Do not modify lift. Autoquip cannot foresee and is not responsible for injury or damage which results from unauthorized modifications or misuse of lift.

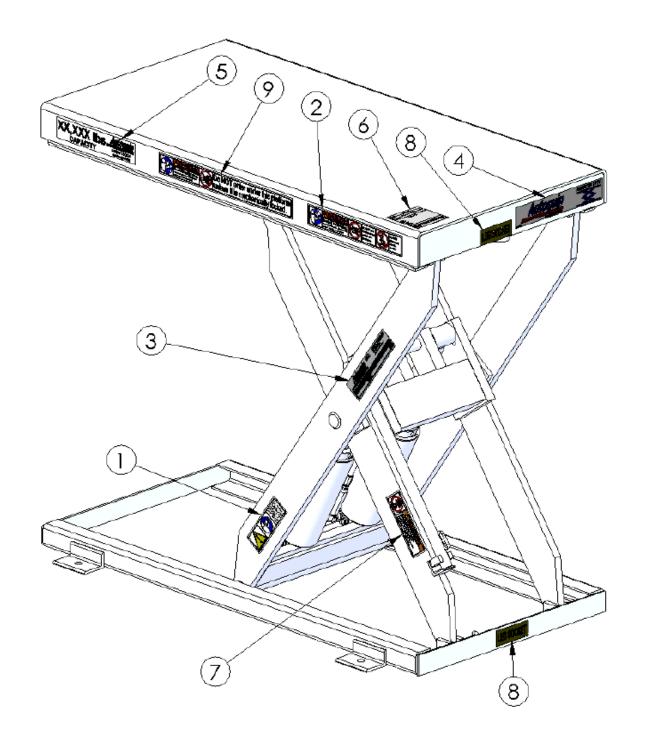








3.7 Labels



(Images may not be representative of actual lift)





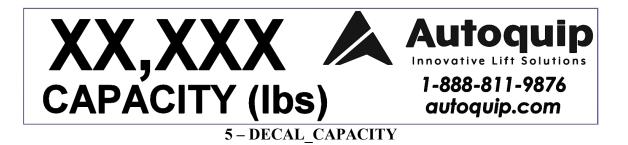
2 - 36430050



3 - 36401560



4 - 36403230



JOB NO.	MODE		
MOTOR	VOLTS	CYCLE	PHASE
CONTROL		VOLTS	
	WIRE COD	E	
BLACK -			
WHITE -			
RED			
ORANGE-			
BLUE-			
GREEN-			

MOTOR 5 TO 10 SECONDS ONLY. IF LIFT DOES NOT RISE CHANGE ROTATION. PN 364-0334-3

6 - 36403343



7-36400257



8 - 36400265



Do NOT enter under this platform unless it is mechanically locked.

9 - 36433670



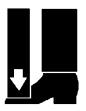
To protect against death or serious injury, all labels must be on lift and must be legible.

If any of these labels are missing or cannot be read, call Autoquip for replacement labels.

#### **4.1 Pit Installation**

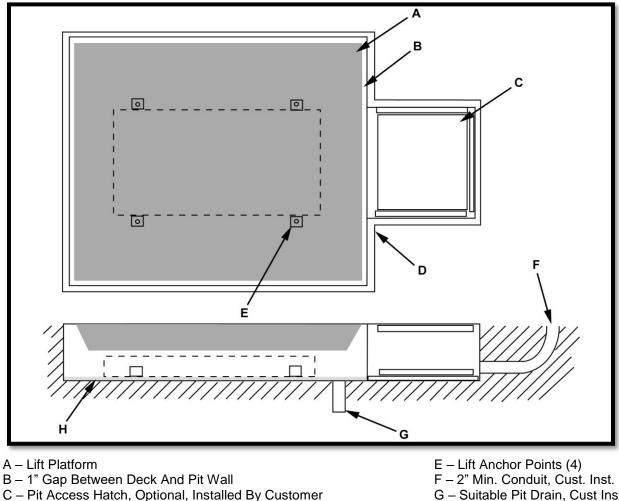
### 

Do not install lift in a pit unless pit has a bevel toe guard or other approved toe protection. A shear point may exist which can cause severe foot injury.



Lift platforms traveling below floor levels may create a toe hazard as load passes top edge of pit. This may require guarding in accordance with Federal Regulations. Guarding must be installed prior to operating lift.

- 1. Check pit dimensions. Pit must be 2" longer and 2" wider than lift platform to allow a 1" gap between platform and pit. Pit depth should allow  $\frac{1}{2}$ " for shims or grout.
- 2. Conduit (F) diameter must be a minimum of 2".



D – Pit Curb Angle, Suggested Min. L2" x 2" x ¼", Cust. Inst.

G – Suitable Pit Drain, Cust Inst. H – <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" Grout Under Base

3. Verify installation area is clean before starting. Check mounting surface of pit floor with a level or straight edge. If floor is not level, add shims or grout under entire perimeter of base to achieve a level and flat base installation. A level base is essential for proper wheel tracking and smooth lift operation.



## INSTALLATION

Prevent serious injury or death.

Depending on model, weight of lift ranges from 1500 – 4450 lbs.

### Use a properly rated lifting device to move and install lift.

4. Lower lift into pit and check for proper height. Lift must be solid and flush with pit angle framing (D). If needed, shim to desired height. DO NOT "spot" shim. Shim along full length of frame. This will prevent frame from sagging under load.

### 

Prevent serious injury or death.



Electrical service installation must be performed by a licensed electrician and conform to all local and national electrical codes.

- 5. Temporarily connect electrical service and hydraulic hoses.
- 6. Fill hydraulic reservoir with proper type and volume of fluid.
- 7. Press "UP button and raise lift one foot.
- 8. Press "DOWN" button to fully lower lift. Continue to hold down button for 60 seconds. Repeat procedure five to seven times to bleed air out of hydraulic system.
- 9. Raise and lower lift as needed to make positioning adjustments.
- 10. Adjust platform to a clearance of 1" minimum around perimeter between platform and pit angle.



### 

NEVER go under a raised lift platform until load is removed and lift is securely blocked in raised position with maintenance devices.

See "Maintenance Device" section of this manual.

### Lock-out/tag-out power source.

- 11. Base frame of lift has pre-drilled holes for anchoring floor. Anchor lift to floor. Lifts with oversize platforms have minimum pull out requirements of 2,000 lbs. for each anchor. See "Shimming And Anchoring Lift To Concrete".
- 12. Route hydraulic hose or electrical cord through conduit in pit wall.
- 13. Make permanent electrical and hydraulic connections and operate lift through a few cycles.
- 14. CleAn up debris and spilled oil from area. Dispose of oil in an environmentally safe manner.
- 15. Touch-up paint is available from Autoquip for repair of damaged paint surfaces.
- 16. Train personnel on lift operation, all safety features and procedures.



## INSTALLATION

#### 4.2 Shimming And Anchoring Lift To Concrete

Recommended concrete anchor bolts are: HILTI "Kwik-Bolt", Molly Parabolt or similar.

Verify lift is positioned correctly.

Drill holes in concrete as specified by anchor bolt manufacturer.

Install and tighten anchors as specified by anchor bolt manufacturer.

After lift has been aligned, leveled and shimmed, and anchors have been installed, pour grout under entire base frame.

When grout has set and cured, tighten nuts on anchor bolts.

Route hydraulic hose or electrical cord through conduit in pit wall.

#### 4.3 Remote Power Unit Installation

The remote power unit is to be located in an area protected from the elements and should be installed prior to the lift to facilitate lift operation during installation into the pit.

The remote contractor power unit is equipped with power unit mounting brackets and can be wall or floor mounted using these brackets. If equipped with a vertical power unit, optional power unit mounting brackets must be used for wall mounting.

The electrical work is to be done in accordance with local codes by a qualified electrician. See the "Maintenance" section for the standard wiring diagram.

If permanent electrical work is not complete, some means of temporary power with an on/off device for the motor will be required.

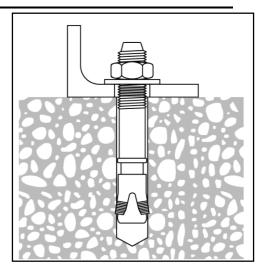
Fill the reservoir with oil per instructions in the "Maintenance" section.

#### 4.4 Power Unit Wiring

**NOTE**: For larger horsepower motors, consult factory.

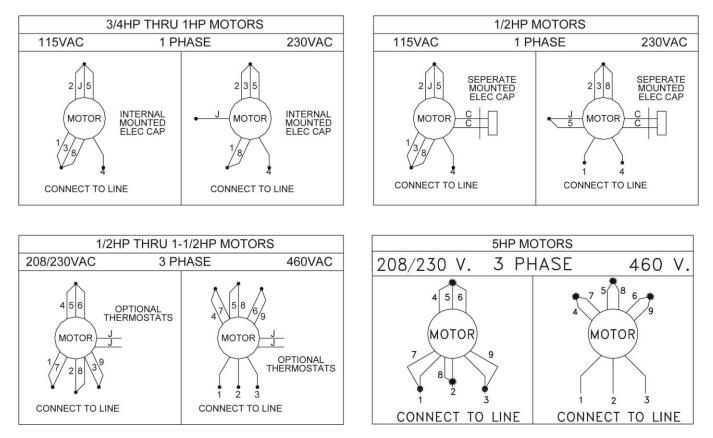
		Mot	or Details	Ful	Load Am	nps	
HP	HZ	PH	RPM	TIME RATING	@115VAC	@230VAC	@460VAC
½ HP	60	1	1725	30 MIN	8.4	4.2	-
¾ HP	60	1	1725	15 MIN	13.6	6.8	-
1 HP	60	1	3450	5 MIN	12.8	6.4	-
½ HP	50/60	3	1425 / 1725	30 MIN	-	1.8	0.9
¾ HP	50/60	3	1425 / 1725	15 MIN	-	2.6	1.3
1 HP	50/60	3	2850 / 3450	30 MIN	-	3.0	1.6
1-1/2 HP	50/60	3	1425 / 1725	30 MIN	-	4.6	2.3

#### Sound Level – Approximately 67.5 dB(A)



# INSTALLATION

HP and Voltage	Full Load Amperag	es
5 HP: 208/230 V /60 CY/3 PH - Intermittent Duty Motor	208 V=15.8 Amps	230 V=14.8 Amps
5 HP: 460 V /60 CY/3 PH - Intermittent Duty Motor	460 Volts = 7.4 Amp	S
5 HP: 208/230 V /60 CY/3 PH - Heavy Duty Motor	208 V=16 Amps	230 V=15.2 Amps
5 HP: 460 V /60 CY/3 PH - Heavy Duty Motor	460 V=7.6 Amps	



#### 4.4.1 <u>Contractor Remote Power Unit</u>

- 1. The Contractor Power Unit utilizes a 5 HP / 208-230-460 Volt / 60 hertz / 3 phase "Super-Torque" intermittent duty motor with (one full lift cycle per 2 minute period) driving a high pressure positive displacement pump assembly with an internal relief valve, check valve and down solenoid valve.
- Because an Autoquip "Super-Torque" motor actually delivers substantially more horsepower than the nameplate rating, it must always be wired for heavier current-draw than standard motors of the same nameplate rating. However, because of the "Super-Torque" motor's starting efficiency and superior running characteristics, circuit components do not have to be as large as for standard motors of equal delivered horsepower.

#### 4.4.2 <u>Vertical Remote Power Unit</u>

- 3. The Vertical 'HD' Power unit utilizes a 5 HP/ 208-230-460 Volt / 60 hertz / 3 phase Heavy Duty motor, (with a 30 minute continuous duty rating). The power unit is coupled with a high-pressure positive displacement gear pump, and *Autoquip Corporation's* patented Deltatrol valve assembly.
- 4. The motor connection diagram, should be referenced in connecting the motors to a power source. Remember that heavy wire must be used all the way to the power source.

### OPERATION

5.1 Raise and Lower Lift



Prevent serious injury or death.

Before operating lift, all personnel interacting with lift must read, understand and follow instructions and safety warnings in this manual.

### NOTICE

Adjusting safety relief valve may result in premature motor failure.

Do not adjust safety relief valve.

Raising loads exceeding rated capacity of lift may result in excessive wear and damage to lift.

Prevent serious injury or death.

## Personnel must maintain a safe operating distance of at least 36" any time lift is operated.

- 1. Verify all personnel are away from lift.
- 2. Press "UP" operator control to raise lift. Release control when lift reaches desired position.



Do not operate lift on relief for more than a few seconds. When on relief, valve will make a squealing sound.

3. Press "DOWN" operator control to lower lift. Release control when lift reaches desired position.

#### **6.1 Maintenance Devices**

### 

NEVER go under a raised lift platform until load is removed and lift is securely blocked in raised position with maintenance devices.

#### Lock-out/tag-out power source.



This procedure describes the only factory-approved method of working under a lift. Follow these instructions  $\underline{EVERY}$  time you plan to reach or crawl beneath the lift to perform service or maintenance – no matter how momentary that might be.

If the factory-provided maintenance devices are damaged or missing, stop immediately and consult the factory for assistance. The manufacturer is not liable for your failure to use the approved maintenance devices and procedures that have been provided.

- All loads must be removed from the lift prior to engaging the maintenance devices. These devices are designed to support an unloaded lift only. Failure to remove the load from the lift prior to blocking could cause the failure of the maintenance devices and allow the lift to fall unexpectedly. This can result in personal injury or death.
- 2. Raise the lift to its fully raised position. If you do not, the maintenance devices may not be able to be placed properly in their designed blocking position.
- 3. The lift will be provided with maintenance legs stored on one of the scissors arms, or with two (2) dropin maintenance locks stored on the outside of the base frame, or with (2) flip-over style maintenance locks. The legs must be placed over pegs in top frame and within sockets in bottom frame (See Figure 6.1). The locks must be flipped over inside the base frame and thus in the roller path of the lift (See Figure 6.2). The blocks must be securely placed inside the base frame and thus in the roller path of the lift (See Figure 6.3).
- 4. Lower the lift platform, either the platform rests securely on the maintenance legs (inside the sockets and over pegs), or until the leg rollers make contact with both maintenance blocks. Re-check to ensure that both devices are fully and properly engaged with the leg rollers. If both left and right maintenance locks are not fully engaged the lift could fall unexpectedly.

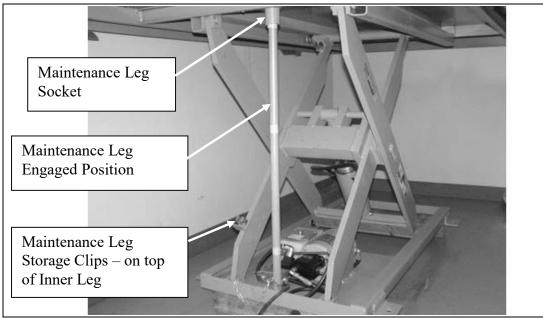


Figure 6.1

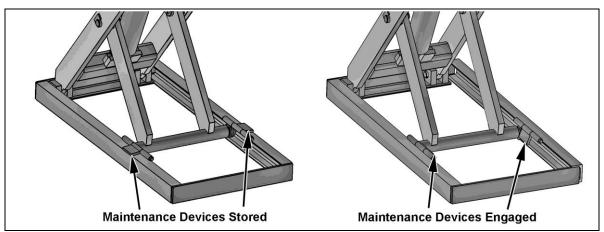


Figure 6.2

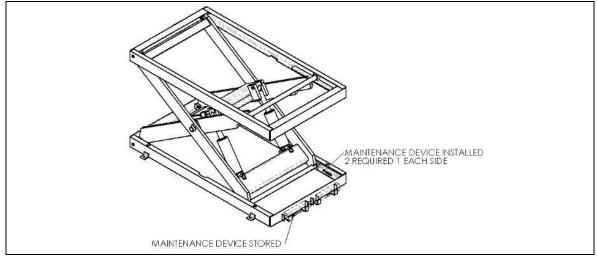


Figure 6.3

(Images may not be representative of actual lift)

### 

If for any reason you are unable to lower the lift completely onto the maintenance devices, stop immediately and consult the factory. Failure to properly use the factory approved maintenance devices could result in severe injury or death.

5. Once the maintenance devices are properly and securely engaged, continue to press the down button, valve or switch for an additional 5-10 seconds to relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system (it could take longer in a pneumatic system).

### 

Failure to relieve operating system pressure could result in the sudden and unexpected release of high-pressure fluids (or air) during maintenance and/or repair of the lift, resulting in severe injury or death.

- 6. Follow OSHA electrical lock-out/tag-out procedures. Disconnect and tag all electrical and/or other power sources to prevent an unplanned or unexpected actuation of the lift.
- 7. Once inspection or work is complete, reverse the performance of the steps above to raise the lift off the maintenance devices and place the devices back into their designated storage positions.

### 

HIGH VOLTAGE!! – Disconnect and/or lock out the electrical supply to the power unit per OSHA regulations prior to any installation or maintenance being performed.

#### 6.2 Routine Maintenance

### 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Lock-out/tag-out power source prior to any maintenance being performed.



### 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Never go under lift platform until load is removed and scissors mechanism is securely blocked in raised position with maintenance devices.



See Maintenance Devices section.

### 

Pressurized fluids can penetrate the skin.

Hydraulic hoses can fail from age, damage and exposure. Do not search for hydraulic leaks without body and face protection. A tiny, almost invisible leak can penetrate the skin, requiring immediate medical attention.

Use wood or cardboard to detect hydraulic leaks, never your hands.

### 

Spilled hydraulic fluid is slippery and may also present a fire hazard.

### Clean up spilled hydraulic fluid.

Normally, scissor lifts will require very little maintenance. However, a routine maintenance program could prevent costly replacement of parts and/or downtime.

### 6.2.1 Every Day or 10 Hours Of Operation

- Check reservoir fluid level.
- Check for fluid leaks.
- Check all hoses and electrical cords for cracks, abrasions, twisting, etc. Small leaks at connections can be remedied by tightening connections or replacing faulty component.
- Check that oil pressure does not exceed 2,000 psi.
- Check all pivot joints & roller bearings for noise and wear.
- Check overall condition of unit (i.e. bends, breaks, loose or missing screws, etc.).

### 6.2.2 Every Month or 100 Hours Of Operation

- Check quality of oil. Replace if discolored (oxidized), cloudy, or otherwise contaminated. Do not overfill reservoir. Always use clean fluid.
- Inspect lift cylinder rods for scoring and leaking, wipe away any foreign material.
- Inspect all structural and mechanical components for cracked, or broken welds and any distortion caused by collision, overloading, or other misuse.
- Inspect snap rings/bolts at rollers & pivot points for proper retention & tightness.
- Inspect cylinder base pin keeper bolts. Tighten if needed.
- Inspect all cylinder rod roll pins for proper seating & retention.

When all checks have been completed, start unit and operate through all functions. Inspect all components for signs of noise, vibration, erratic movement, and any other abnormal behavior.





### 6.2.3 Every Year Or 1000 Hours Of Operation

- Change oil and clean reservoir. Always use clean fluid. Never return fluid from drip pans, pit, etc. back to reservoir. Dispose of and handle used fluid as a hazardous material.
- If noise or vibration has been noticed, remove lift cylinder pins, pivot pins, and roller bearings. Inspect for wear and replace as necessary.
- Inspect all hydraulic hoses, replace any that show signs of wear or leaking.
- Replace all filters.
- Check for permanent mechanical deformation.

### 6.2.4 <u>Oil Requirements</u>

Follow recommendations below that apply to your application.

Recommended Oil
5W 30 or 5W 40 multi-viscosity motor oil
Permissible to use SAE 20 motor oil
5W 30 or 5W 40 multi-viscosity motor oil
5W 20 or 5W 30 multi-viscosity motor oil
Contact local Autoquip Service Rep.

Note: All oils are detergent type.

### 6.2.5 <u>Oil Capacity</u>

Oil capacity varies between models.

### NOTICE

Use approved fluids only. Use of unauthorized fluids may cause damage to seals and hosing.

Do Not Use:

- Automatic Transmission Fluid (ATF)
- Hydraulic Jack Oil
- Hydraulic Fluids
- Brake Fluids

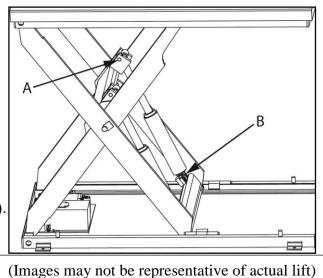
### 6.3 General Maintenance

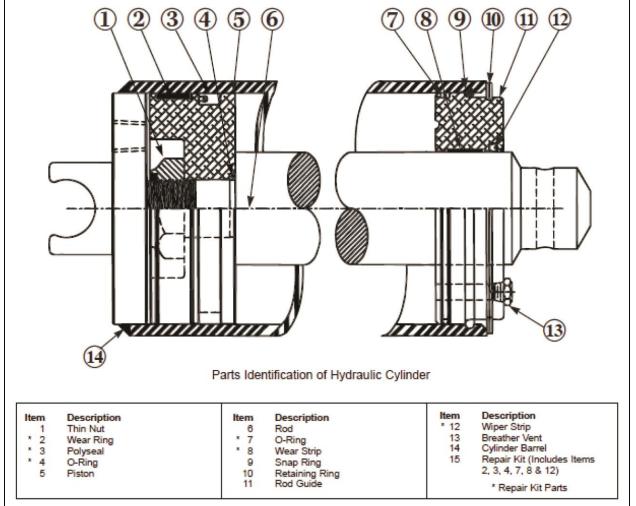
### 6.3.1 <u>Hydraulic Cylinder Repair</u>

### 6.3.1.1 Cylinder Removal

- 1. Raise lift to its full height and engage maintenance devices. See "Maintenance Devices".
- 2. Disconnect electrical power to lift. Follow lock out-tag out procedure.
- 3. Disconnect hose on cylinder base end and insert into oil-fill hole of reservoir.
- 4. Remove pin (A) on cylinder rod.
- 5. Remove bolts and retaining clips from cylinder base (B).
- 6. Remove cylinder from lift assembly.
- 7. Push piston rod into cylinder to eject as much oil as possible into a container.









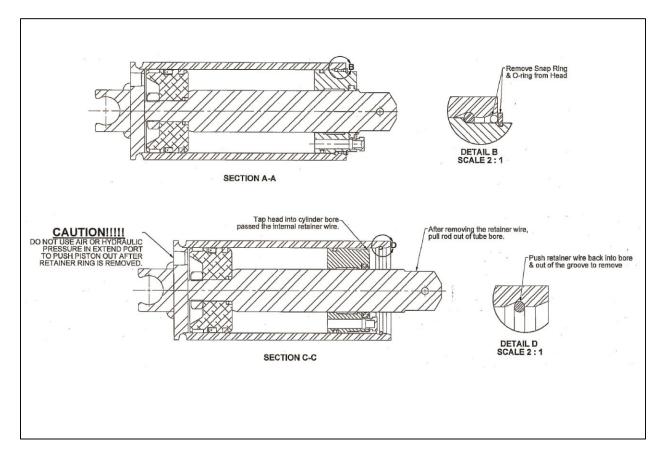
Do Not used compressed air to push piston out of cylinder.

- 1. Remove the Spirolox ring from rod guide.
- 2. Drive rod guide back into ram using a soft hammer.
- 3. After rod guide has passed wire lock ring, remove ring from groove in cylinder.
- 4. After rings are removed, pull the whole rod assembly out of the cylinder.
- 5. Remove lock nut from base of rod.
- 6. Remove piston.
- 7. Inspect cylinder components for wear or damage. Replace parts as necessary. Specify the cylinder model number stamped on the base of the cylinder when ordering parts.

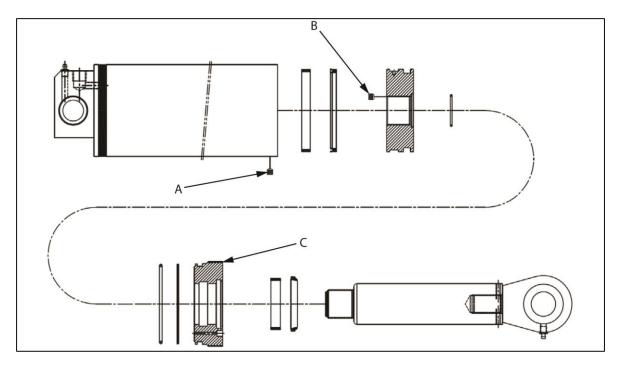
### 6.3.1.3 Assemble Cylinder – Style 'A'

- 1. Position piston on threaded rod. Verify static O-ring is in place between piston and rod.
- 2. Install self-locking nut on rod. Tighten nut.
- 3. Install all seals and wear strips on piston and rod guide.
- 4. Lubricate cylinder, piston, and rod guide with hydraulic fluid.
- 5. Position the piston assembly down, rod up and slide rod guide over the rod down to piston.
- 6. Drop piston and guide down into cylinder.
- 7. Insert lock wire in cylinder groove.
- 8. Force rod guide up against lock wire with compressed air inserted into guide breather vent.
- 9. Install Spirolox ring in top groove, after guide is in place.

### 6.3.1.4 Disassemble & Assemble Cylinder - Style 'B'



### 6.3.1.5 Disassemble & Assemble Cylinder - Style 'C'



### 

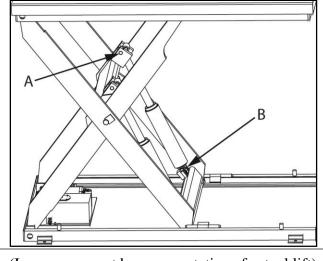
### Do Not used compressed air to push piston out of cylinder.

- 1. Remove set screw (A).
- 2. Unscrew gland (C) using a spanner wrench.
- 3. Slide rod out of barrel.
- 4. Remove set screw (B) from end of piston and unscrew piston from rod.
- 5. Remove seals. Record the position of each seal.
- 6. Install new seals in reverse order of removal.

### 6.3.1.6 Install Cylinder

- 1. Install end of cylinder rod into crosshead mount. Align holes and insert pin (A).
- 2. Position cylinder base and install retainer clips (B) and bolts.

Loctite PST #567 pipe thread sealant or equivalent is recommended. **Do not use Teflon tape.** Tape fragments may cause hydraulic system to malfunction.



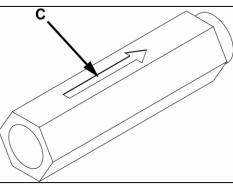
(Images may not be representative of actual lift)

### 

Prevent serious injury or death. Do not use a swivel fitting between HVF and cylinder. If HVF is installed improperly, it will not lock up in event of a hydraulic line failure.

Arrow (C) on hydraulic velocity fuse indicates direction of oil flow restriction. Hydraulic velocity fuse must be installed with arrow pointing away from cylinder.

- 3. Connect cylinder hose(s).
- 4. Check that lift anchors are tight (when used). Check all pins and other mechanical and hydraulic connections.
- 5. Restore oil level. See oil recommendations in "Oil Requirements" section.



- Turn on electrical power and press "UP" operator control. It may take a few seconds to fill empty cylinders. Raise lift approximately one inch and disengage maintenance devices.
- 7. Lower lift completely and hold "DOWN" operator control for 60 seconds to allow air in cylinders to bleed back into reservoir.
- 8. Raise lift to 25 50% of full travel, then lower and hold "DOWN" operator control for an additional 60 seconds. Repeat procedure 8 10 times.
- 9. Clean oil fill breather cap.

#### 6.3.2 <u>Bleeding Air From System</u>

- 1. Bleed air from system by raising lift to 50% of full travel, then lower completely.
- 2. Hold "DOWN" operator control for 60 seconds.
- 3. Repeat procedure 5-6 times. If this does not bleed all air from system, contact Autoquip.
- 4. Clean up any spilled oil. Dispose of spilled oil in an environmentally safe manner.

#### 6.3.3 <u>Hydraulic Velocity Fuse (HVF) Replacement</u>

### 

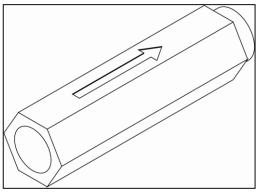
Prevent serious injury or death.

Never go under lift platform until load is removed and scissors mechanism is securely blocked in raised position with maintenance devices and hydraulic pressure is relieved.

Do not use a swivel fitting between HVF and cylinder. If HVF is installed improperly, it will not lock up in the event of a hydraulic line failure.

Velocity fuse is not repairable. Replace velocity fuse if defective.

1. Arrow on hydraulic velocity fuse indicates direction of oil flow restriction. Hydraulic velocity fuse must be installed with arrow pointing away from cylinder.



### NOTICE

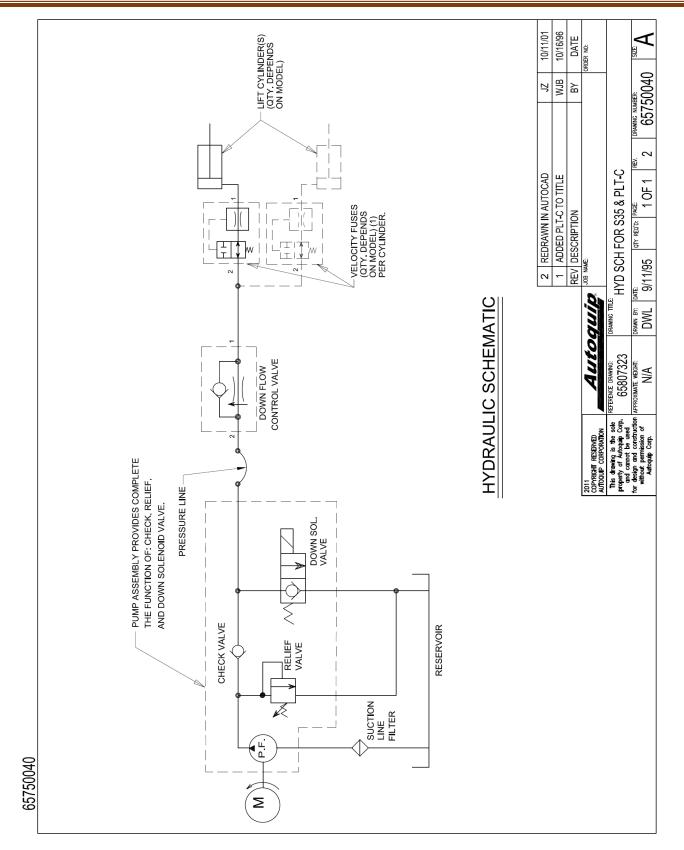
## Do not use Teflon tape on hydraulic threaded connections. Tape fragments may damage hydraulic system.

- 2. Apply Loctite PST #567 pipe thread sealant or equivalent to threads and install fuse to cylinder with arrow pointing away from cylinder. Tighten fuse.
- 3. Fill reservoir to full mark if necessary with proper oil.
- 4. Check all fitting connections for hydraulic leaks and tighten as necessary.
- 5. Bleed air from system. See "Bleeding Air From System" in this section.

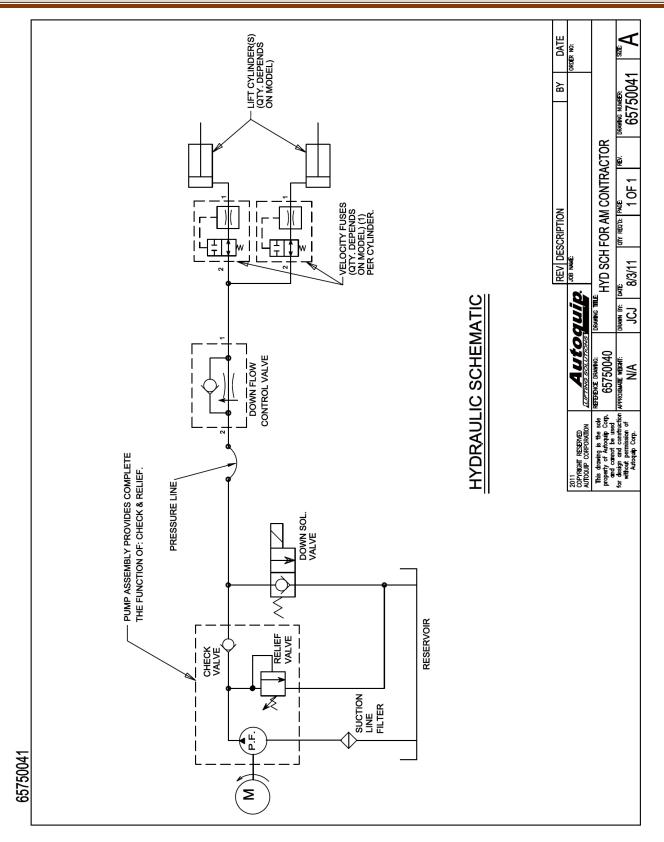
#### 6.3.4 <u>Hose Orientation</u>

To prevent damage to cylinder hoses, it is necessary to establish a correct hose shape and pattern of movement as follows:

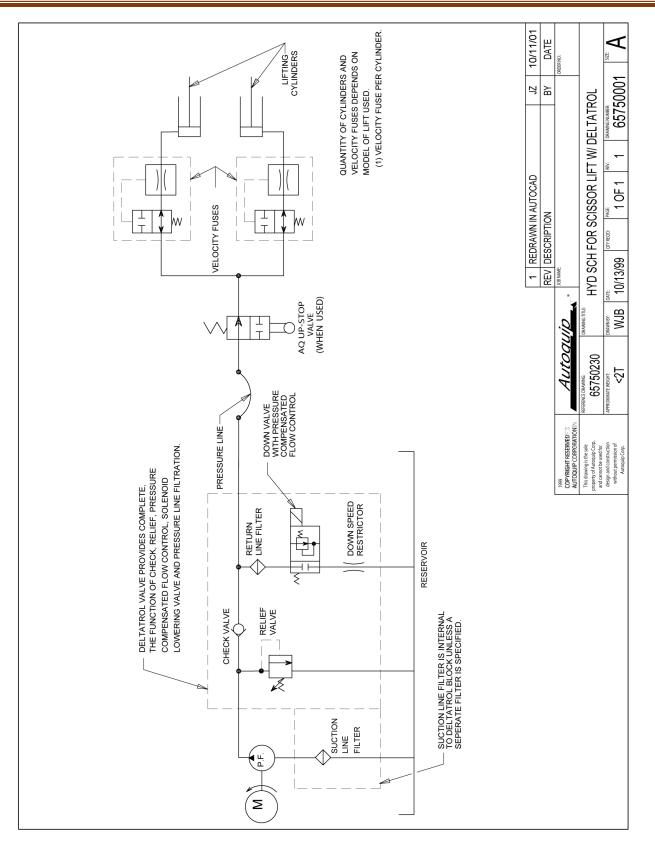
- 1. Raise lift to its full height and block securely. See "Maintenance Devices".
- 2. Install one end of new hose to cylinder fitting.
- 3. Since hose is fixed at both ends, it is possible to put a twist in hose that will allow it to describe the same pattern each time lift is operated. This twist will allow hose to travel about half way between cylinder on right and inner leg on right.
- 4. Lower lift carefully and verify hose is free and clear of cylinder and inner leg assembly. If not, twist hose in direction necessary to clear any obstruction and tighten swivel fitting.



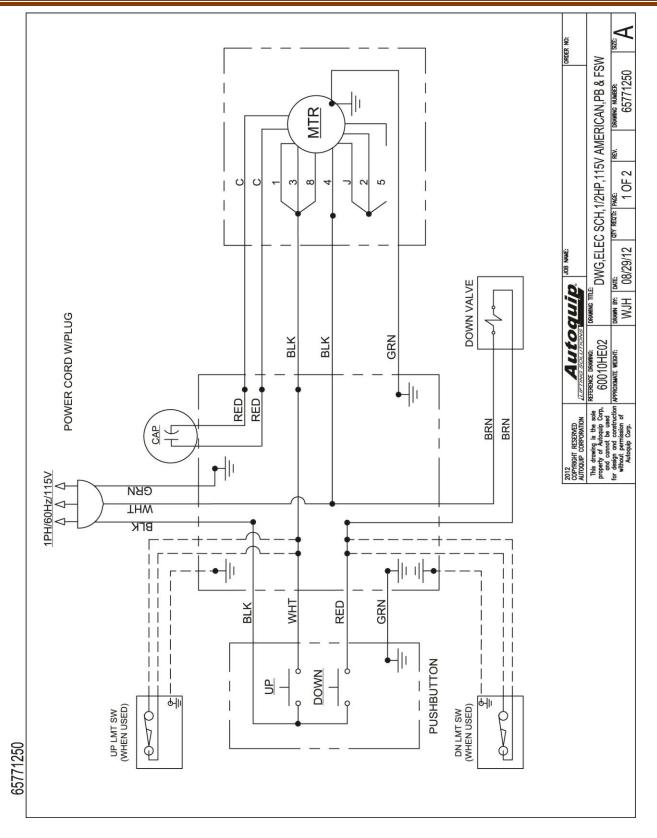
Generic Hydraulic Schematic (1/2 & 1 HP)



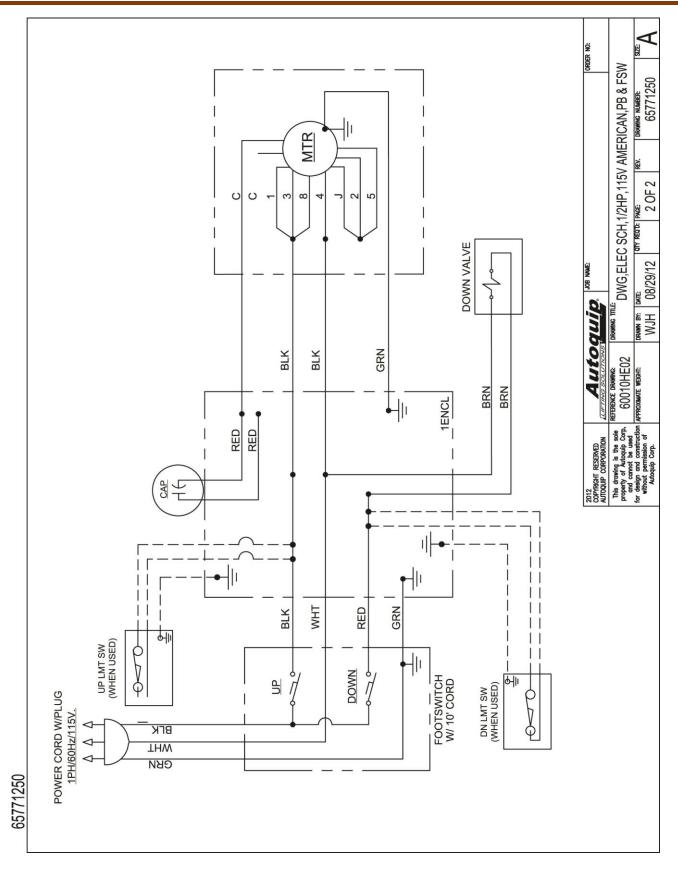
Generic Hydraulic Schematic (1-1/2 & 5HP contractor)



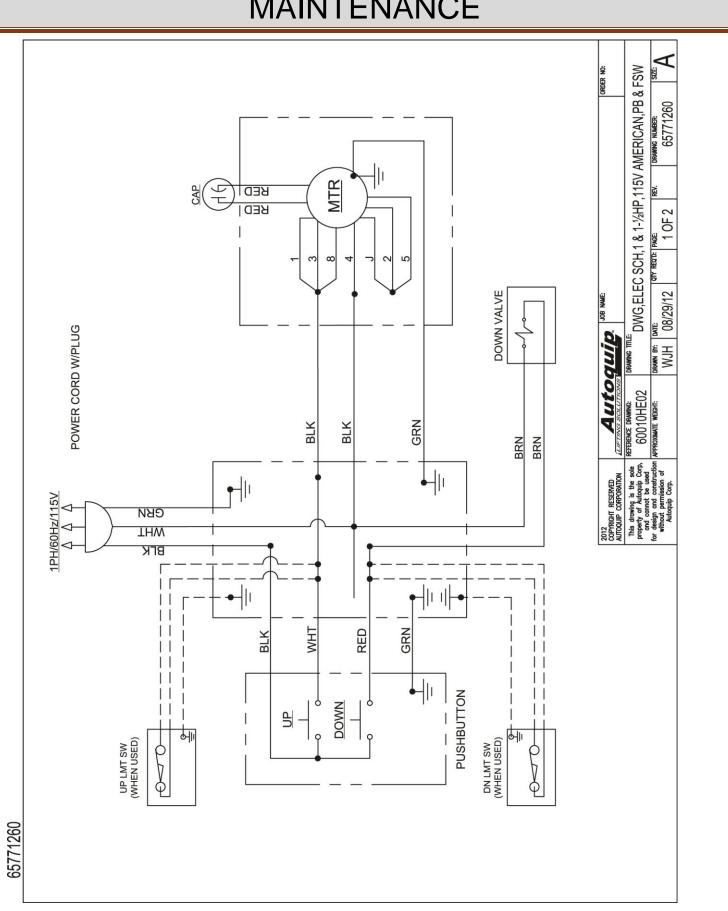
Generic Hydraulic Schematic (5HP Heavy Duty Power Unit)



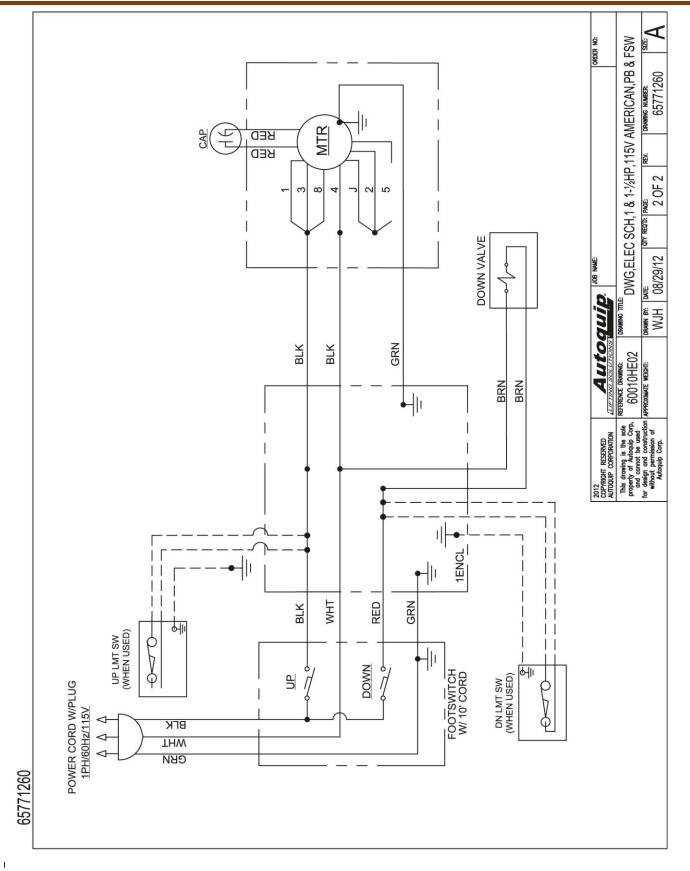
General Electrical Schematic (1/2HP 115V)



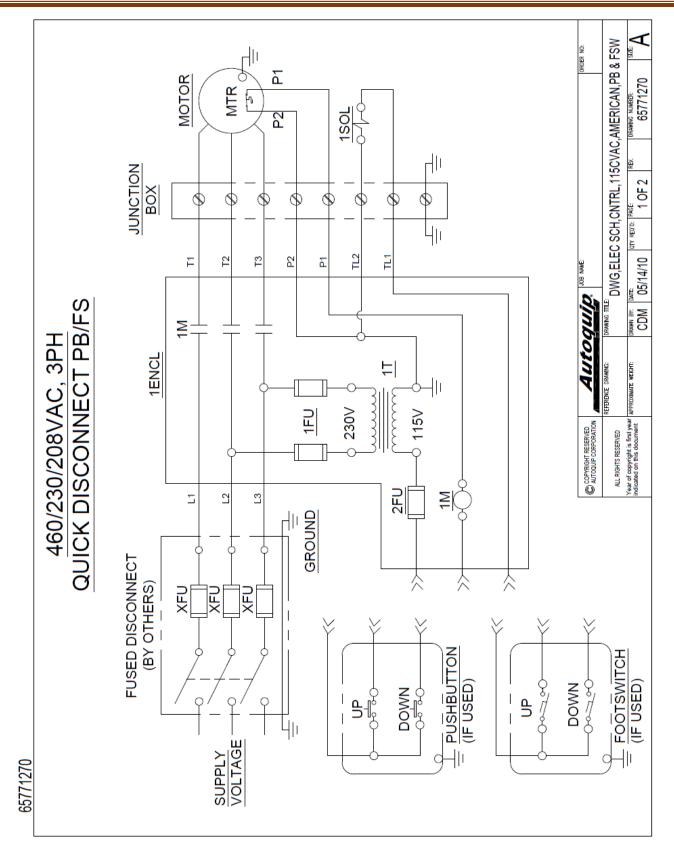
General Electrical Schematic (1/2HP 115V)



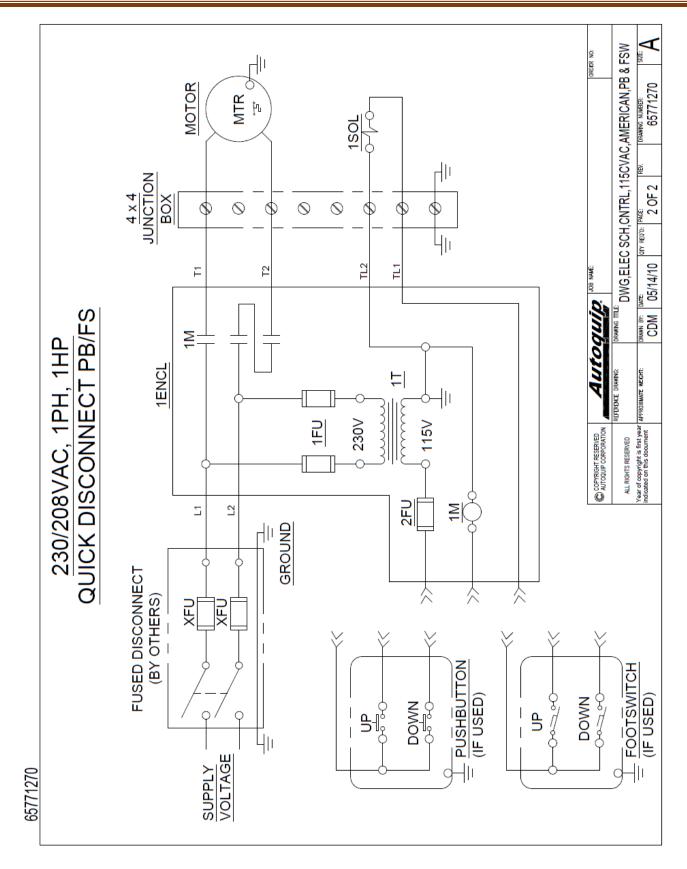
Generic Electrical Schematic (1 & 1-1/2HP 115V)



Generic Electrical Schematic (1 & 1-1/2HP 115V)







**Generic Electrical Schematic (Controls)** 

# TROUBLESHOOTING

### 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Disconnect and/or lock out electrical supply to power unit prior to any maintenance being performed.

### 

Prevent serious injury or death.

Never go under lift platform until load is removed and scissors mechanism is securely blocked in open position. Follow OSHA lock-out/tag-out procedure.

See "Maintenance Devices" section.

### 

Pressurized fluids can penetrate the skin.

Hydraulic hoses can fail from age, damage and exposure.

Do not search for hydraulic leaks without body and face protection. A tiny, almost invisible leak can penetrate the skin, thereby requiring immediate medical attention.

Use wood or cardboard to detect hydraulic leaks, never your hands.

### 

Spilled hydraulic fluid is slippery and may also present a fire hazard.

Clean up spilled hydraulic fluid.









## and/or lock out ele

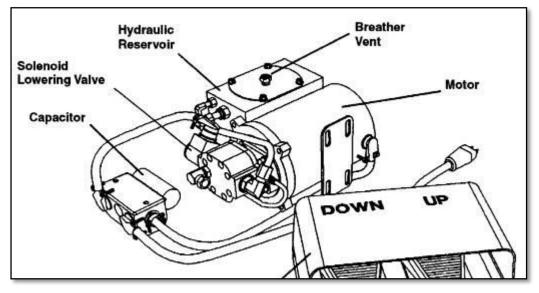
# TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND SOLUTION
Lift Raises, Then Lowers Slowly.	Down solenoid may not be seating. Remove solenoid coil and check. If lift does not hold with solenoid coil removed, remove and clean down valve cartridge or replaced as necessary.
	Oil line, hose, or fitting may be leaking. Check and repair if necessary.
	Check valve in pump assembly may not be seating. This is indicated by pump shaft and motor turning backward on their own with no power applied. Generally, this condition can be heard. Replace pump assembly.
Lift Lowers Slowly.	Down solenoid is not operating properly due to debris or damage.
	Check for pinched tubing or hose. Where pipe is used, check for obstruction in line.
	Thick oil due to low ambient temperatures. Add or replace with lower weight oil that stays thin in cold conditions (5W-15, etc.)
	If foam is visible in tank oil, check for loose connection in suction line between pump and tank. Tighten connections.
Lift Does Not Raise.	Motor rotation for a 3-phase motor may be reversed. Reverse two motor electrical leads.
	Check for line or hose leak.
	Check for low oil in reservoir. Add specified oil as necessary.
	Load may exceed rating. See the Specifications section. Remove excess load.
	Suction screen may be clogged, starving pump. Remove and clean screen. Drain and replace oil.
	Suction line may be leaking air due to a loose fitting. Tighten as needed.
Lift Does Not Raise,	Breather holes in reservoir fill plug may be clogged. Remove and clean.
Continued.	Voltage may be too low to run pump with existing load. Check by measuring voltage at motor terminals, or as near as possible, <u>while pump</u> <u>is running under load.</u> Inadequate or incorrect wiring can starve motor when source voltage is ample. Correct as necessary.
	Down valve may be energized by faulty wiring or stuck open. Remove solenoid and check.
	Motor may be single phasing. Check wiring, fuses, etc.
	Pump may be seized if motor is humming or blowing fuses on overload protection devices. Remove pump. Pump can be rotated by hand unless seized. Check for cracks in housing.
	Down solenoid valve stem may be bent, causing valve to stick open. Replace down solenoid valve.

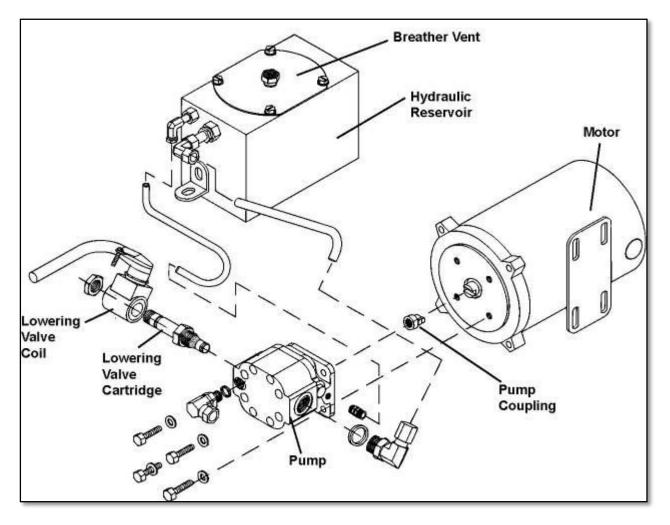
# TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE AND SOLUTION
Lift Won't Lower.	Solenoid coil may be incorrectly wired, burned out, not rated for the voltage, or line voltage may be excessively low. Check voltage near coil.
	Velocity fuse may be locked. <b>Do not attempt to remove the velocity fuse.</b> The following steps should be followed:
	1. Remove load from lift. Inspect all fittings, hoses, and other hydraulic components for leaks or damage.
	2. If no leak or damage is noticed, attempt to pressurize lifting cylinder by pressing "UP" button on controller for a few seconds. Immediately release "UP" button and press "DOWN" button. If lift starts to lower, continue pressing "DOWN" button until lift is fully lowered.
	3. If lift does not lower after trying Step 2, wait approximately 10 – 15 minutes for pressure in hydraulic system to equalize. Then, press "DOWN" button until lift is fully lowered.
	4. Once lift is fully lowered, hold "DOWN" button for approximately 60 seconds to bleed air from system. This step may need to be repeated several times to fully remove air in system by raising the lift to 50% of its travel and lowering.
	If above steps do not correct problem, contact <i>Autoquip</i> to obtain instruction for further action.
Lift Seems Bouncy During Operation.	Lower lift to collapsed position and continue to hold "DOWN" button an additional 10-30 seconds to bleed air from cylinder. Do not confuse spongy or jerky operation with small surges that may occur when operating on rough or uneven floors.
	Check for oil starvation.
Motor Labors Or Heats Excessively.	Voltage may be low. Check voltage at motor terminals while pump is <u>running</u> <u>under load</u> , not at line source or while pump is idling. Inadequate wiring can starve motor even when source voltage is ample.
	Most of <i>Autoquip's</i> standard motors are rated for intermittent duty. If a single- phase motor is being run more than $15 - 20$ motor starts per hour, or a 3- phase motor more than 200 starts per hour, the problem may be motor over- heating.
	Running against relief pressure unnecessarily due to over loaded lift or hitting physical stops.
	Failure to observe wiring diagram on nameplate for proper voltage connections.
	Pump may be binding from oil starvation, which develops high internal heat. Check for low oil level or clogged breather holes in reservoir fill plug. Pump can be damaged by oil starvation.

## PARTS LISTS

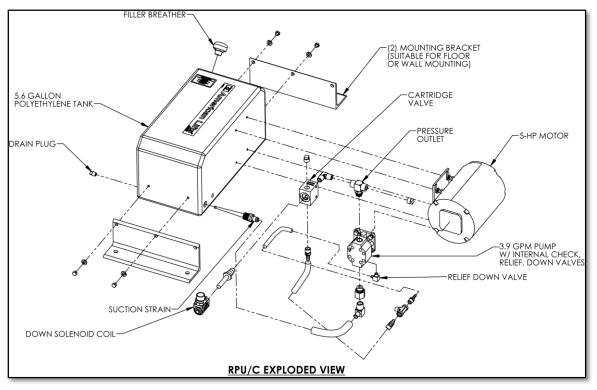


**Foot Switch** 

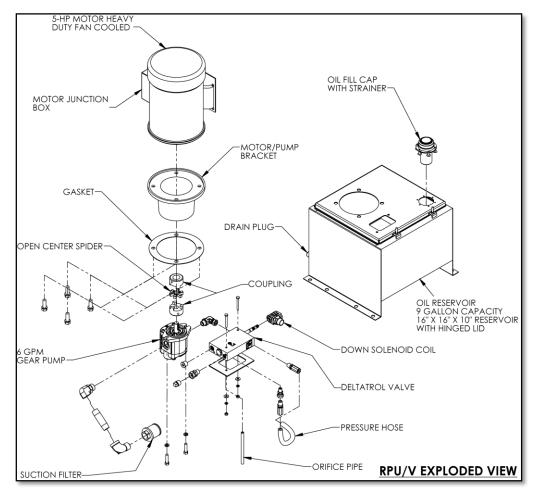


**Standard Power Unit** 

## PARTS LISTS

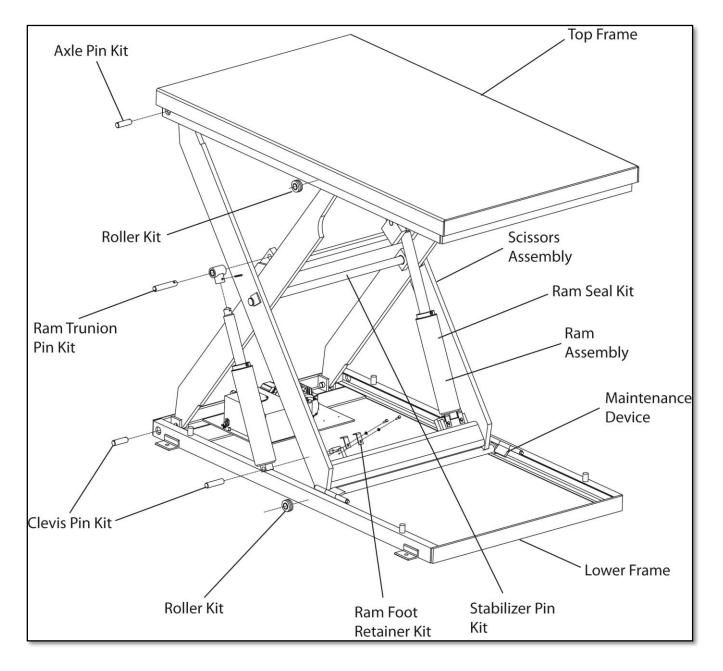


**Contractor Style Power Unit** 



Heavy Duty Power Unit

# PARTS LISTS



Lift Parts Diagram