Customer: Job Number:

M Series | Mechanical VRC 2-Post Straddle and Cantilever

Owner's Manual with SEW Eurodrive

Important:

Read this entire manual. Important safety information is included.

The illustrations depicted in this manual are not to scale or detail. The illustrations are for reference only.





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Section 1 | Contact Information



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PFlow Industries, Inc. 6720 N. Teutonia Avenue Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53209



Office



Phone: 414-352-9000 Fax: 414-352-9002



Product Support Department e-mail: psd@pflow.com







For a list of contact personnel visit the PFlow Industries, Inc. website at: http://www.pflow.com/contact-us/

Documentation

PFlow Industries, Inc. reserves the right to make changes or improvements to the standard model line at any time. PFlow Industries, Inc. reserves the right to make changes to subsequent editions of the manual without prior notice to holders of this edition.

Copyright Notice

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Trademarks

All trademarks referenced in this manual are the property of their respective owners.

System Modifications/ **Disclaimer**

Mechanical or electrical modifications performed on the VRC not approved by PFlow Industries, Inc. may void any warranty and/or service agreements. Please contact the PFlow Product Support Department for assistance with service modifications.

Training

Training is available upon request from the Product Support Department. Half-Day, Full-Day, and Two-Day sessions are customized to fit specific needs either for a single VRC type or for the entire product line.

On-site Supervision

On-site supervision services are available from the Product Support Department. Contact our Field Operations Manager for more details.

Source Language

This manual is written in American English.

Section 1 | Contact Information





Section 2 | General Information

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Introduction

This manual provides information about the PFlow Industries, Inc. custom designed Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC). As the nations' leading manufacturer of vertical material handling equipment, PFlow Industries, Inc. is confident that this new VRC will provide many years of reliable service.

General Overview

The VRC provides a safe and simple means of moving material from one level to another. The simplicity of design and few moving components ensure a trouble-free, long life, with low maintenance and little downtime.

Code Requirements

This VRC is designed for the movement of materials only, up to the VRC's rated capacity, from one level to the next. Do not allow anyone to ride on the VRC. VRCs are not elevators, and are specifically excluded within the scope of the ASME A17.1 Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators. VRCs are included in ASME B20.1 Safety Standard for Conveyors and Related Equipment, which is incorporated by reference into OSHA 29 CFR 1910. A copy of the ASME B20.1 standard can be purchased at www.asme.org and other sources. PFlow Industries, Inc. recommends that this standard be referenced for appropriate installation, maintenance, inspection, and operation in relation to hazards. All electrical designs and components are in accordance with National Electric Code (NEC) requirements. Local codes may require initial inspection of the installation and periodic inspection and testing of the unit. Contact PFlow Industries, Inc. for more information in the event an inspection is required.

NOTE

The information and illustrations in this manual are intended only as an aid to understanding the VRCs general installation. The information and illustrations do not cover every possible contingency or circumstance regarding nonstandard options or site conditions.

If there is a problem, call PFlow Industries, Inc. at (414) 352-9000, during normal business hours, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. central standard time, Monday through Friday. Outside of those hours, see the PFlow Industries, Inc. Contact Information page for additional information. Use the model number and serial number or the PFlow Industries, Inc. General Arrangement (GA) drawing number for the lift in all correspondence.

Parts

Equipment damage resulting from modification in any manner from the original model, including the substitution of parts other than factory authorized parts, will void the warranty. Furthermore, PFlow Industries, Inc. will not be liable for any loss, injury, or damage to persons or property, nor for direct, indirect, or consequential damage of any kind resulting from modified or substitution of parts other than factory authorized parts of said material or equipment.

PFlow Industries, Inc. maintains a complete stock of, or has access to, all replacement components. Detailed records of all equipment sold are kept. If a component is damaged in shipment, is defective or missing, contact PFlow Industries immediately.

Service

The PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department will assist maintenance and service personnel with any questions or problems regarding the equipment or installation.

Feedback

Your feedback is important. Please help PFlow Industries, Inc. understand if the equipment has met your expectations. Please complete the questionnaire in this manual. The questionnaire will help us address any comments and/or concerns.

Section 2 | General Information





Section 3 | Warranty Information



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Parts and Labor

Parts:		Labor:	
Structure	Lifetime	Structure	Lifetime
Manufactured Components	1 Year	Manufactured Components	1 Year
Purchased Components	1 Year	Purchased Components	90 Days
Gates and Enclosures	90 Days	Gates and Enclosures	90 Days

Definitions

- Structure is defined as columns, carriage, and pre-fabricated bracing (excluding carriage side guards).
- Manufactured components are defined as those components manufactured by PFlow Industries, Inc.
- Purchased components are those components that are used as supplied by vendors.

Warranty

PFlow Industries, Inc. expressly warrants to the original purchaser that this product will be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal, intended use. The warranty period begins 30 days after shipment.

Exclusions

This warranty does not apply to:

- 1. Equipment or components damaged or broken in transit or shipping.
- 2. Replacement of wear parts.
- 3. Equipment failures caused by abuse, misuse, exceeding recommended capacities, impact with other objects, negligence, improper installation, unskilled use, unskilled maintenance, inadequate maintenance, or incorrect adjustments.
- 4. Exposure to a corrosive or abrasive environment or exterior elements unless specifically built for that environment.
- 5. Equipment that has been repaired, altered or modified in any manner outside of the manufacturing facility, substitution of parts other than factory authorized parts, removal of any parts, or addition of any parts without prior written permission by PFlow Industries, Inc.
- 6. Any losses or damages resulting from loss of data, loss of revenue or profits, loss of products, incidental or consequential damages, delays, or expenses incurred by failure of said part or parts even if advised of the possibility thereof.
- 7. Lost time and/or additional trips for missing or damaged components.
- 8. Expedited freight charges.

Obligation

The obligation for PFlow Industries, Inc. is limited to only the replacement or repair of defective components that received prior authorization. This is the owner's sole remedy.

PFlow Industries, Inc. will bear normal labor charges performed by an authorized PFlow Industries, Inc. service agent during standard business hours, excluding overtime, holiday rates, or any additional fees.

This warranty applies to all models and no person except an officer of PFlow Industries, Inc. is authorized to modify this warranty or to incur on behalf of PFlow Industries, Inc. any other obligation or liability in connection with PFlow Industries, Inc. equipment.

Section 3 | Warranty Information



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Liability

PFlow Industries, Inc. believes, to the best of our knowledge, that the information in the equipment manuals are accurate. In the event that technical or typographical errors exist, PFlow Industries, Inc. reserves the right to make changes to subsequent editions of the manual without prior notice to holders of this edition. The reader should consult PFlow Industries, Inc. if errors are suspected.

The customer's right to recover damages caused by fault or negligence on the part of PFlow Industries, Inc. shall be limited to the amount paid to PFlow Industries, Inc. by the customer. The limitation of liability of PFlow Industries, Inc. will apply regardless of the form of action, whether in contract or tort, including negligence. Any action against PFlow Industries, Inc. must be brought within one (1) year after that cause of action accrues. PFlow Industries, Inc. will not be liable for any loss, injury, or damage to persons or property, nor for direct, indirect, or consequential damage of any kind resulting from

Warranty **Procedures**

All billing must be in accordance with our Warranty Procedures. Replacement of defective parts will be handled in accordance with the Return Materials Authorization (RMA) policy for PFlow Industries, Inc.

Pre-**Authorization**

- All warranty work must be pre-authorized by PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department prior to starting work.
- Where distance and or experience may be more cost-effective, PFlow Industries, Inc. reserves the right to use alternate organizations.
- Labor is defined as a maximum of two hours travel per call, plus reasonable on-site repair time as determined by PFlow Industries, Inc.
- Local purchase of components must be pre-authorized.

failure or defective operation of said material or equipment.

- 1. Notify the PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department of the problem for authorization.
- 2. PFlow Industries, Inc. will determine:
 - The cause of the problem.
 - Who will do the repair work.
 - The repair details involved.
- 3. If PFlow Industries, Inc. decides that your organization or your subcontractor will do the work, an authorization number will be assigned which must be referenced on all subsequent paperwork.

NOTE Notify PFlow Industries, Inc. by phone, FAX, or e-mail during the next business day if an event occurs during our non-working hours. Issuance of an authorization number does not guarantee approval and/or payment.

Invoices

- 1. Submit an invoice for approval within 30 days after the date the work was completed. Payment is made 30 days after the date of approval.
- 2. A deduction from outstanding payments to PFlow Industries, Inc. for warranty is never authorized.
- 3. Invoices received without sufficient information will be returned. Invoices will be reconsidered for approval when complete documentation is received. All invoices must include, in detail, the following:

☐ PFlow serial number.	\square Labor hours expended resolving the problem.
\square Date the work was performed.	□ Rates per hour.
\square Description of the problem.	☐ Copies of receipts for materials purchased.
☐ Travel time incurred.	☐ Detailed description of work completed.



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Read the Entire Manual

Important: carefully read the entire manual upon receipt of the VRC. Improper installation, alteration, adjustment, service, cleaning, or maintenance could result in death, severe injury, or property damage. Instructions and warnings must be read and thoroughly understood by all operators and users. PFlow Industries, Inc. recommends that the owner conduct regular staff training including safety instructions on a regular basis to avoid the risk of accident or damage to the VRC.

Following procedures other than those indicated in this guide to install, use, and maintain the VRC is considered inappropriate and may cause fatal accidents, personal injury, or property damage, in addition to invalidating the warranty.

Intended Purpose

The intended purpose of the PFlow Industries, Inc. Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC) is to provide a safe and simple means of moving materials only, up to the VRCs rated capacity, from one level to another. VRCs are **not** elevators. The VRC is exclusively intended for use in establishments where all operators have been trained to understand the purpose, limitations, and associated hazards of the VRC. Any other use is strictly forbidden.

Potential Risks and Possible Misuse

PFlow Industries, Inc. has attempted to protect against as many hazards as possible. The following potential risks should be addressed before the VRC is put into operation:

- Risk of injury caused by falling products.
- Risk of injury caused by product extending beyond the confines of the carriage.
- Risk of injury caused by exceeding the weight capacity of the VRC.
- Hazards occurring at places where the VRC connects to incoming and outgoing conveyors.
- Risk of injury if any safety features are bypassed.
- Risk of injury due to the use of corrosive chemicals or water jet.

Safety Alert Symbols

To ensure your safety and the safety of those around you, it is important that you read, observe, and understand ALL safety precautions relative to a particular task. Safety precautions in the manual are labeled with an alert symbol followed by the word **DANGER**, **WARNING**, or **CAUTION**.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential physical injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.



Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE Used to address practices not related to physical injury.

ADANGER

- Stay within the rated lift capacity.
- Make sure all safety devices are in place and operable before using the
 equipment. If any safety device is missing or inoperable, immediately
 remove the equipment from service.



- High Voltage! A qualified electrician must install all electrical connections and permanent wiring in accordance with applicable local or national electrical codes. Make sure the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the current edition of the National Electrical Code NFPA No. 70.
- Falling column hazard! Make sure all beams, columns, posts, enclosure panels, and components are properly supported during installation.
 Illustrations may show the beams, columns, posts, enclosure panels, and components unsupported in order to make the equipment and installation instructions clearly understood.
- Keep clear of unsupported platforms. Stay out of the area under a raised platform. If a maintenance operation requires the carriage to remain in the raised position, refer to Bulletin 15709-0083 for additional information or contact PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department for assistance.

WARNING

- Passengers are not permitted. Riding may result in death or serious personal injury.
- This equipment can be dangerous if not used properly. Allow only competent adults who have been properly trained and authorized personnel to operate this equipment.
- This equipment must be maintained to ensure safety. Allow only properly trained personnel to service the equipment. Implement a routine safety inspection plan and follow the recommended preventive maintenance schedule in the owner's manual.



• Lockout/tagout equipment before performing any adjustments or maintenance. If the equipment is not locked out, it could start unexpectedly and cause injury or damage. Make sure all personnel are aware of the potential for stored energy to be present even after the power has been locked out. Refer to ANSI Z244.1 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 for minimum requirements for a lockout/tagout system. There may be additional state or local requirements.



• Components and accessories may be heavy. To prevent serious injury, use the appropriate lifting apparatus when handling the components and installing the VRC.





- If any defects relating to operating safety and reliability are detected or if any damage occurs, the VRC must be taken out of operation immediately.
- Before the VRC is put into operation, all VRC parts must comply with all relevant health and safety directives and regulations.
- Do not switch the main power supply on or start the VRC when persons are in contact with the VRC.
- Make sure that no persons or objects are within the range of any moving parts of the VRC.
- Climbing, sitting, walking, or riding on equipment while the equipment is in operation could result in death or serious injury.
- If this VRC needs to be modified in any way, contact PFlow Industries, Inc. for assistance. Do not make any unauthorized changes.



- Falling Hazard! Close all gates before the carriage is moved. Never leave the lift unattended with the gates in the open position. Never close gates when a person is on the carriage or within the fenced area.
- Place the load in the center of the lift platform to avoid shifting loads. Make sure that any portion of the load does not overhang the perimeter of the carriage. This could create an unstable load condition.
- If the carriage deck does not stop after contact has been made with the limit switch arm, or continues to drift past the floor level, the lift motor brake is not working properly. Discontinue use of the VRC and contact PFlow Industries, Inc. for assistance.



- Lockout/tagout the VRC before removing jammed product. Be aware that stored energy in the lift components may move or shift when the jam is removed. De-energize any circuit before work is begun.
- Do not overtravel! Stops, mechanical or electrical, must be in place to prevent the carriage from traveling beyond the intended floor level.
 Overtravel could cause permanent damage to the carriage or failure of the lifting mechanism.
- Entanglement hazard! Secure long hair, wear snug-fitting clothing, and avoid wearing jewelry while using the VRC.





- During operation, the surfaces of some components may become hot.
 Avoid touching hot surfaces or wear protective gloves.
- Inform personnel about the location and operation of emergency stops and power disconnection points.
- If any unsafe or unusual conditions are observed, stop the equipment and remove it from service. Report the condition to your supervisor.



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Electrical Safety Precautions

ADANGER



High Voltage! Employees servicing or maintaining VRCs may be exposed to death or serious personal injury if hazardous energy is not properly controlled. De-energize any circuit before work is begun. Follow your facilities procedures or OSHA lockout/tagout (LOTO) procedures anytime maintenance or service is being performed on any electrical box or component.

ACAUTION

The incoming voltage source must match the voltage identified on the rating tag. The rating tag provides essential technical information required for any installation, maintenance, or repairs. Do not remove, damage, or modify the rating tag.

De-energize the Circuit

- 1. Lockout/tagout whenever any work, maintenance, or service is performed on any electrical box or component. Make sure circuits are de-energized before starting work, using a functional, properly rated, and well maintained multimeter or voltage sensing device. Make sure the device is rated for the level of voltage being measured and is sensitive enough for the application.
- 2. Use fuse pullers to change a fuse; *never* use bare hands, pliers, or screwdrivers.
- 3. Install covers on exposed electrical devices or wires to protect personnel from serious injury.
- 4. Ground all metal connection boxes, switch boxes, starting boxes, transformers, motors, limit switches, interlocks, and push-button stations to prevent shock to personnel.
- 5. When using a portable meter, never leave one lead dangling with the other lead connected. Anyone touching the lead may receive a shock through the meter.
- 6. Make sure that all is clear following lockout/tagout procedures before applying power to a circuit. This is necessary in order to protect personnel from injury and to prevent damage to the equipment.
- 7. Avoid accidental contact with equipment or conductors which are known to be energized or are **not** known to be de-energized. If it is necessary to work on equipment while it is energized, use extra care. Always test and repair equipment that appears damaged or delivers an electric shock.

Take time to be careful! Follow all safety precautions to prevent death or personal injury.



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Electrical Safety Precautions

▲ DANGER



High Voltage! To prevent serious injury, death, or property damage, all electrical connections and permanent wiring must be installed by a licensed electrician in accordance with applicable local or national electrical codes. Arc flash and shock hazard appropriate PPE is required. This equipment must be adequately grounded in accordance with local electrical codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the current edition of the National Electrical Code NFPA No. 70.

Working on Energized Circuits

When electrical repair or maintenance work is required that prohibits de-energizing the circuits involved, extreme caution must be used. The work should be completed only by authorized, well trained and supervised personnel who are fully aware of the dangers involved. All practical safety measure must be used to protect the personnel performing the required work. In addition to the NFPA No. 70 codes, the following precautions **must** be taken:

- 1. Remove all wristwatches, watch chains, rings, necklaces, metal appendages to clothing, oversized metallic belt-buckles, metal piercings, or loose clothing. These items have the potential to make accidental contact with energized surfaces. In addition, secure long hair with a hair net or cover with a plastic helmet.
- 2. Remove all hair barrettes or bobby pins. These items are electrically conductive and accidental contact may cause serious personal injury.
- 3. Wear dry clothing and shoes. Moisture should not be present on the soles of shoes. Water is electrically conductive and accidental contact may cause death or serious personal injury.
- 4. Insulate the worker from the ground. Cover any adjacent grounded metal surfaces with an insulating material. Suitable insulating materials are dry wood, rubber mats, dry canvas, dry phenolic material, or heavy, multi-ply paper (cardboard). Make sure that the insulating material has no holes present and there are no conductive materials (e.g., staples) embedded. Cover a sufficient area with the insulating material to make sure that adequate space is permitted for worker movement.
- 5. Use insulated tools when working on energized circuits or fuse box. These insulated tools must be rated to withstand the voltage of the energized circuits.

Notes for the Installation Electrician

The installation electrician must take the following precautions:

- 1. Locate and review the electrical schematics furnished with the equipment.
- 2. Verify the proper fit-up, wiring and operation of all required electrical components.
- 3. Mount the push button station out of reach of someone located on the carriage (approximately six feet [1829mm]).
- 4. Wire standard lift limit switches on the chain tensioning assembly (see the job specific electrical schematic as required) for mechanical VRCs as follows:

 If the tensioner chain becomes slack causing the arm on the limit switch to move down or if a strong tension is exerted on the tensioner chain causing the arm to move up, there is a break in the control power. The limit switches are designated with an LS# on the electrical schematic.

Entrance Below a Raised Carriage Deck



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Safety First

The most common reason to access the area below a raised carriage deck is to clean debris from the pit or hoistway. This is best accomplished using a long handled broom or rake to avoid entry under the raised carriage deck. Entry under the raised carriage deck is acceptable only when unavoidable and then only if the proper precautions are taken. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the following conditions be met before allowing qualified personnel to enter the area under the raised carriage deck.

- Work must be performed by qualified maintenance technicians.
 - ♦ ASME B20.1-2015 defines a qualified person as "A person who, by possession of recognized degree or certificate of professional standing or by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated his/her ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter and work."
- The facility has performed a Risk Assessment per ASME B20.1-2015 5.16
 - ♦ Reference OSHA 3071 for Job Hazard Analysis
 - ♦ Reference CEMA Technical Report 2015-01, ASSE Z590.3, and MIL-STD-882 for Risk Assessment examples.
- A proper Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) procedure has been performed on the VRC.
 - ♦ Refer to ANSI/ASSE Z244.1-2003 (R2014), Control of Hazardous Energy Lockout/Tagout and Alternative Methods, and OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.147, The Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout).
- At least two (2) means of support are used to secure the raised platform.
 - ♦ The lifting systems can be used as one means of support provided that no work is to be done on the hydraulic system or mechanical drive system and an appropriate LOTO has been performed on the VRC.
 - ♦ Additional means of support include adequately sized maintenance chains, maintenance pins, DeckLocks, or straps with shackles around the drivebase that are capable of supporting the weight of the carriage.

Minimize the Hazards

Every employee must be aware of the hazards before entering the area under a raised carriage. Take appropriate steps to minimize these hazards and any others that are identified. Some of the more common hazards are:

- Inadequate refuge space
- Confined space
- Improper air quality
- Inadequate lighting
- Improper access

- Tripping hazards
- Unsafe or lack of pit ladders
- The presence of moisture/water/oil
- Moving equipment

General Guidelines

- Where a VRC is operating in a multiple unit hoistway, that portion of the hoistway where the work is to be performed shall be fully separated or accessible equipment locked out.
- Ensure that all portable lights and tools are connected through a Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI).
- Provide adequate lighting especially if in a shaftway.
- For a deep pit, never "jump" into the pit – always use a ladder.

- Use proper hand protection while cleaning the area beneath a raised carriage.
- Remove parts, lubricants, cleaning equipment, etc from inside the pit.
- Do not stand on the hydraulic piping or electrical conduit.
- Never straddle over the traveling cable(s) if so equipped and protect it against damage.

Entrance Below a Raised Carriage Deck



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Pit Access

Access to the area beneath the raised carriage deck can be gained through manual measures implemented by qualified maintenance technicians or automatically through the use of a factory supplied option known as maintenance mode.

Manual Access

- 1. Call the carriage to the lower level.
- 2. Open the lower gate and bypass the gate open switch at the interlock or in the main control panel. If there is any confusion about how to do this, call the PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department.
- 3. Barricade the lower level gate opening to prevent unintended access and provide hazard warning signs.
- 4. Verify that the carriage is empty. Raise the carriage to the upper level making sure all personnel are clear of the moving carriage.
- 5. Lockout the lift in accordance with the facility Lockout/Tagout program.
- 6. Secure the carriage at the upper level using adequately sized maintenance chains, maintenance pins, or straps with shackles around the drivebase that are capable of supporting the weight of the carriage to provide additional safety.

NOTICE

Do not attempt to do any work on the lifting system (e.g., hydraulic system, motor drive). When work is to be done on the hydraulic system or mechanical drive system, a different procedure must be followed. The carriage must be landed on stands or secured by another means in order to prevent any weight from relying on the lifting means or when the hydraulic pressure is fully relieved. Consult Factory.

- 7. Return to the lower level and verify that the gate and the carriage does not move if the push-buttons are pressed. Wedge or block the lower level gate in the open position to prevent the gate from closing while someone is in the pit area.
- 8. Perform the necessary maintenance, adjustments, or cleaning under the carriage.
- 9. Exit the pit and remove the wedge or block holding the lower level gate open.
- 10. Reverse the process to return the VRC into service.

Automatic
Access Maintenance
Mode with
DeckLocks

If the VRC is equipped with this option, refer to Maintenance Mode Sequence of Operation Bulletin #15879-0009 for details.

Unique Descriptions and Names

PFlow Industries, Inc. has incorporated, as well as created, a number of unique descriptions, names, and terminology for parts, components, and devices included in the Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC). This glossary includes these unique terms and other common terms to help understand this manual and the information it contains. In addition, the glossary will aid the user in communicating the correct information during troubleshooting and service situations. Although the wording and descriptions may sound familiar to the person who has read the manual, other terms and descriptions might not. It is recommended by PFlow Industries, Inc. that this glossary be reviewed before reading the remainder of this manual.

Alkyd paint

A fast-drying enamel paint, color-mixed per the customer's request, and applied using standard methods as specified by the paint manufacturer.

ANSI

American National Standards Institute: www.ansi.org

ASME

American Society of Mechanical Engineers: www.asme.org

Authorized person

Trained or qualified personnel approved to perform a specific duty or duties.

Back-frame

The vertical portions of the carriage on a cantilever VRC, typically a series D vertical support mast.

Backstop panel

Also known as a Mezzanine roll-off panel, this is a panel that is installed opposite the loading edge at upper loading levels of a VRC platform that does not penetrate a floor. The backstop panel helps protect personnel and/or products from falling off the platform when loading or unloading. This term should not be confused with the term "backstop" as defined in ASME B20.1.

Backstop

As defined by ASME B20.1; A mechanical device to prevent reversal of a loaded conveyor under action of gravity when forward travel is interrupted.

BVAC

A bi-panel vertical acting gate.

Cantilever

A style of VRC where the carriage rides along the guide columns that are located on the same side of the carriage. This style lift can accommodate loading on three sides; right, front, and left.

Capacity

The maximum load for which the VRC is designed.

Carriage

The entire structural assembly that travels on the guide columns and carries the load.

Carriage gate

A gate that is mounted directly on the carriage deck.

CEMA

Conveyor Equipment Manufacturers Association: www.cemanet.org

Chain

See Drive chain, Lift chain and Roller chain.



Chain Driven Live Roller (CDLR)

A horizontal conveyor that is driven by separate loops of chain or a continuous chain. The chain contacts all roller sprockets, depending on the type and function of the horizontal conveyor. Either double or single sprockets are fitted to the horizontal conveyor rollers.

Chain Guide Tube

A tube welded to the back side of the VRC column that encloses the lift chain and tensioner chain.

Chain tensioner

A device that monitors the lift chain tension. If the lift chain is too tight, becomes slack, or breaks, the limit switch mounted on the chain tensioner will trip and remove control power.

Columns

The vertical structural members in which the wheelblocks attached to the carriage travel up and/or down.

Column splice

Columns shipped in more than one piece must be joined in the field during installation. Field assembly and welding is required.

Constant Pressure Push Button

A push button which must remain pressed and maintained by the operator in order to perform a desired operation. If the push button is released, the desired operation will stop.

Controls

Any combination of electrical devices used to control the operation of a VRC. This normally includes push buttons, relays, limit switches, interlocks, etc.

Control Panel

An enclosure housing various electrical components that control the VRC.

Control voltage

The control voltage is typically provided by the control transformer and is used to energize the various low voltage electrical devices.

Conveyor, Vertical Reciprocating

See Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC).

Dead load

A static load that is a permanent force, acting on a structure (see Platform).

Deck

The floor of the carriage (can be smooth plate, tread plate, or open).

DeckLock System

An added measure of safety to prevent uncontrolled descent of the carriage.

Diagonal drop bar

Load-defining bar and snap chain across operating end(s) of the carriage to define the load area on the platform which may minimize load movement. The diagonal drop bar is hinged at the base and swings down. This is not a load stop.

Direct acting cylinder

The cylinder which transmits lifting force directly to the carriage rather than through the use of cables, pulley, or chains.

Drivebase assembly

Gear reducer, brake motor and mechanical components that power the chain that lifts and lowers the carriage for mechanical VRCs. This assembly is typically mounted at the top of the lift guide columns.

Drive chain

Drive chains on the F series mechanical VRC, through a series of a shaft and sprockets allow the carriage to be raised and lowered.

Drift

The action of a lift carriage slowly dropping, usually due to slight internal leaks in a hydraulic system or mechanical slippage of a motor brake.

EBVAC

An electrically powered bi-panel vertical acting gate.

Effective width/length

Refers to usable space for the materials load on the carriage, not the overall dimensions which includes space allowed for carriage side guards and snap chains.

Electrical cable

Electrical cables consist of at least two conductors contained within a protective outer cover.

Enclosure (lift guarding)

Structure surrounding a VRC to prevent outside interference with its normal operation and to safeguard personnel. Typically 8' (2438mm) high panels composed of expanded metal or other materials that will prevent a 2" (51mm) diameter ball from passing through (ASME B20.1 requirement).

Epoxy coating

Abrasion-resistant, two-part industrial-strength protective coating system applied over sandblasted and primed steel or direct to metal. The epoxy coating is ideal for outdoor, chemical, or caustic wash-down environments or applications where standard alkyd enamel is viewed as insufficient.

EVAC

An electrically powered single panel vertical acting gate.

Expanded metal (EM)

A sheet of metal uniformly slit and stretched, forming diamond-shaped openings in the metal sheet. Expanded metal is a one piece construction that will not unravel under normal circumstances and will hold its shape. Expanded metal comes in a standard (raised) or flattened diamond pattern in a variety of gauges, opening sizes, materials and sheet sizes.

Explosion proof (EXP)

Electrical devices (e.g., control panels, motors, limit switches) that are designed to operate safely in a specific location or area where potentially explosive environments can or do exist.

Floor-to-Floor distance

The distance from one operating floor level to the adjacent operating floor level (see Vertical travel).

Full Height Enclosures (FHE)

Structure surrounding the full height of a VRC to prevent outside interference with its normal operation and to safeguard personnel. Typically panels composed of expanded metal or other materials that will prevent a 2" (51mm) diameter ball from passing through (ASME B20.1 requirement).

Gate

A device that opens and closes manually or automatically to allow access to the carriage for loading and unloading. The gate is normally a swing, sliding, or vertical acting device constructed of similar expanded metal as the enclosure (see specific gate type).



General Arrangement (GA) drawing

The drawing produced by PFlow Industries, Inc. which shows the VRC lift, gates, and enclosures. The drawing may show but does not specify building details.

Guarded by location

Describes moving parts so protected by the parts remoteness from the floor, platform, walkway, or other working level, or by the parts location with reference to the frame, foundation, or structure to reduce the foreseeable risk of accidental contact by persons or objects. The parts remoteness from foreseeable, regular, or frequent presence of public or employed personnel may constitute guarding by location in reasonable circumstances. (See ASME B20.1 standard)

Guide angles

Guide angles are attached to the guide column to help capture and contain the guide wheels in the columns and guide the carriage.

Guide column

The structural members connected to the carriage that guide the carriage travel up and down.

Header

Header refers to the horizontal structure spanning the width of the carriage or gate. The carriage header defines the load height on straddle units.

HMI (Human Machine Interface)

The user interface in the control system that provides graphic control of the VRC. The HMI communicates with the programmable logic controller (PLC).

Hollow shaft

VRC mechanical shaft of the mechanical drivebase which penetrates the gear motor rather than coupling to the gear motor. This minimizes wear points.

Hydraulic cylinder

A device which converts fluid power into linear force and motion. The hydraulic cylinder usually consists of a movable element such as a piston and piston rod, plunger or ram, operating within a cylindrical bore.

Hydraulic power unit

Refers to motor, pump, and reservoir assembly. The reservoir is shipped with oil. Most hydraulic power units come with the control panel attached and pre-wired to the hydraulic pump.

Incoming voltage

The main voltage being supplied for operation of the equipment.

Interlock (Gate/Door)

An electro-mechanical locking system used on the gates or access doors of a VRC. The system prevents the VRC operation unless all such gates or access doors are closed. The system also prevents the opening of any such gate or access door unless the VRC carriage is present at that particular landing or opening.

Intermediate level

A floor level or levels between the uppermost and bottommost operating floor.

Junction box

An electrical control box used to join, centralize, and distribute wiring from different locations.

Keylock control

A keyed push button station that prevents unauthorized use of the VRC.

Kick plate

A curb on the outermost edge of the inoperable sides of the carriage deck which is designed to contain product and is a minimum of 4" (102mm) high.

Knock-down (KD)

Lift components shipped in two or more pieces. Typically field welding is required (e.g., KD carriage, KD headers, KD uprights, KD gates, etc.).

Landing

A permanent-working surface at a fixed elevation used for loading or unloading the carriage.

Lift chain

A chain that lifts the carriage and load.

Lift location light

Illuminated push button that indicates at which level the carriage is located.

Lifted load

The total weight that the VRC is designed to lift at a specific speed. Typically, this is the dead load plus live load (see Rated load).

Limit switch

An electrical device which is used to control the carriage position and monitor various mechanical devices.

Load pattern

A method to describe the direction a load can be moved on and off a carriage at different operating floors or levels. These can be used in combinations.

- "C" load pattern: Carriage configuration allowing a load/unload opening on one side of the carriage deck.
- "Z" load pattern: Carriage configuration allowing a load/unload opening on opposite sides of carriage deck.
- "90 degree" load pattern: Carriage configuration allowing a load/unload openings at right angles on the carriage deck.

Load test

The carriage is loaded to rated capacity, and the lift is operated.

Macropoxy

Macropoxy is a fast drying, polyamide epoxy designed to protect steel in industrial exposures. Ideal for protection of sharp edges, corners, and welds.

Mechanical stop

A mechanical means of stopping travel at a fixed position.

Momentary contact push button

A push button which only has to be pressed for an instant to activate the desired operation.

Non-operating end

The side(s) of a carriage not used for loading/unloading. Handrails or expanded metal sides and kick plate are normally supplied as minimum guarding.

Operating end

The side(s) of the carriage used for loading/unloading. At a minimum the side(s) are normally equipped with a safety chain as guarding.

Overall dimension

The outside dimension of the carriage structure or the entire lift.

Overtravel limit switch

A safety device provided on mechanical VRCs to stop carriage travel beyond the uppermost or lowermost floor level if the floor level positioning limit switch fails.

Photo eye

Photoelectric sensor that uses a focused beam of light to span the distance to a reflector. The VRC controls receive a signal when the reflected beam of light is detected by a sensor.

Pit

A depression in the floor a minimum of 1" (25mm) deeper than the carriage profile, which allows the carriage deck to be flush at operating floor or level.

Platform

The structure that forms the floor of the carriage and that directly supports the load (see Deck).

Pneumatic gate operator

A device that requires in-plant, clean and dry air to automatically open and close a gate. The device can be operated by either manually through the use of pull cords or push buttons, or automatically through the use of a PLC.

Pressure switch (hydraulic)

A sensor which detects hydraulic pressure. The sensor can be set to trip at a predetermined pressure. When this pressure setting is reached, the pressure switch will activate, opening the control circuit and stopping the pump motor.

Programmable Logic Controller (PLC)

A micro-processor based device that controls the VRC or Cartveyor™ through a resident software program.

Push-button (PB) station

The wall mounted, pedestal mounted, or hand held device used to control the operation of the VRC.

Qualified person

A person, who by possession of a recognized degree, certificate, professional standing, or skill, and who by knowledge, training and experience, has demonstrated the ability to deal with problems relating to the subject matter, the work, or the project.

Ramp

An access ramp used to load on and off of a carriage deck.

Rated load

The load the VRC is designed for and installed to lift at a rated speed (see Lifted load).

Reflector

A plastic, prismatic object used to reflect a beam of light emitted from a photoelectric sensor.

Roll-off panel

See Back-stop panel.

Roller chain

The type of chain drive most commonly used for transmission of mechanical power. The roller chain consists of a series of short cylindrical rollers held together by side links and connecting pins. The roller chain is driven by a toothed wheel called a sprocket.

Safety cam

Spring-loaded, hardened steel cam directly attached to the lift chain or gate chain that engages if the lift chain or gate chain breaks or slackens, preventing the carriage or gate panel from dropping more than a few inches.

Side guards

A protective enclosure on the outermost edge of the inoperable sides of the deck welded to the carriage to contain load. Can be rails, sheet steel, or expanded metal.

Slack chain device

A device that monitors a chain and trips if the chain goes slack. If the chain becomes slack or breaks, the limit switch mounted on the slack chain device will trip and remove power to the circuit.

Spliced guide column

Guide column that is fabricated and delivered in two or more sections necessitated by manufacturing, handling, or installation constraints.

Sprocket

A wheel typically mounted on a shaft. The wheel has a row of teeth around its edge that fit into the links of a chain.

Straddle

A style of VRC where the carriage rides between two guide columns that are located on opposite sides of the carriage. This style of lift will accommodate "C" and "Z" type loading patterns.

Top of roller (TOR)

Top elevation of a horizontal conveyor system roller which is also the lower elevation of the load.

Touchscreen

See HMI.

Transom

A panel or panels used to close an enclosure opening above the VRC entrance.

Travel

The difference in elevation between the bottommost level of the carriage platform and the uppermost level of the carriage platform, regardless of whether the carriage is pit or floor mounted.

UHMW (Ultra-High Molecular Weight)

An abrasion-resistant, high-impact, polyethylene material used throughout the VRC to protect and/or guide moving parts.

Uprights

The portion of the carriage that houses the wheels that guide the carriage between the columns.

VAC

A single panel vertical acting gate.

VFD

(Variable-Frequency Drive)

A VFD is a type of drive used in electro-mechanical drive systems to control AC motor speed and torque by varying the motor frequency and voltage.

Velocity fuse

A device that senses hydraulic flow across a control orifice when the pressure differential exceeds a predetermined amount. A spring-biased poppet closes, shutting flow to the damaged hydraulic circuit and prevents the lift carriage from descending.

Vertical travel

Distance the carriage deck travels; floor-to-floor or total distance (see Travel).

Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC)

A reciprocating power actuated lifting device (not designed to carry passengers or an operator) that receives loads on a carriage and transports these objects from one operating elevation to another.

VRC specification sheet

PFlow Industries, Inc. informational data sheet providing general information on a specific VRC.

Wheelblock assembly

Sub-assembly fastened to the carriage upright that contains the guide roller elements and safety cam for the chain driven VRC lift. The lift chain is typically attached to the wheelblock assembly safety cam.

Gate Types:

Single swing gate This type of gate hinges on one side and latches on the other, may be either

right or left-hand swing. Clear space is required in front of the VRC for the

gate to swing open.

Bi-parting swing gateThe bi-parting, swing gate has hinges on each side and latches in the center.

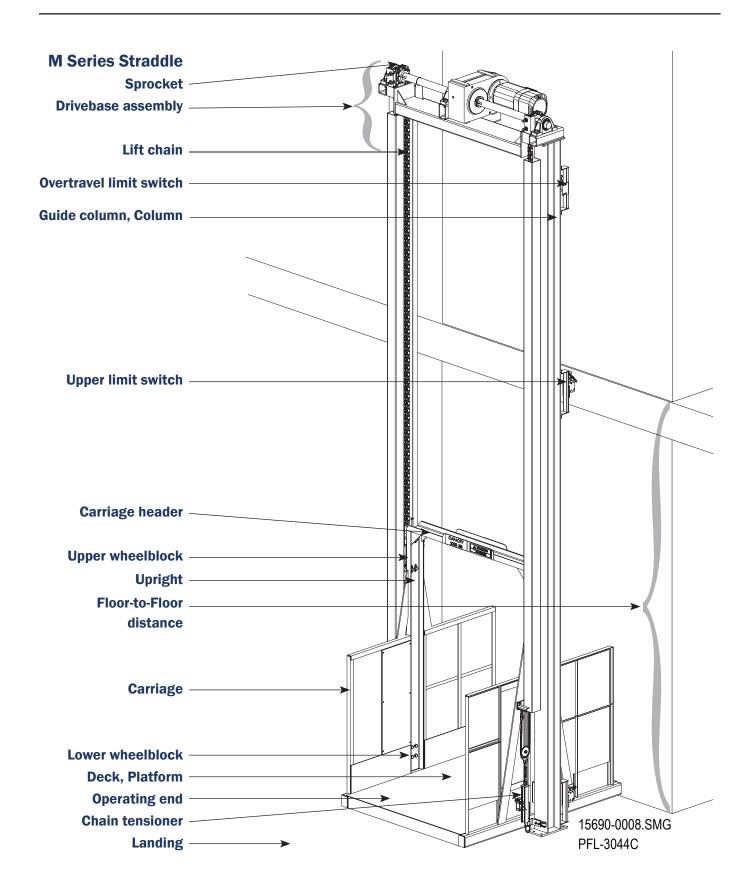
Clear space is required in front of the VRC for the gates to swing open.

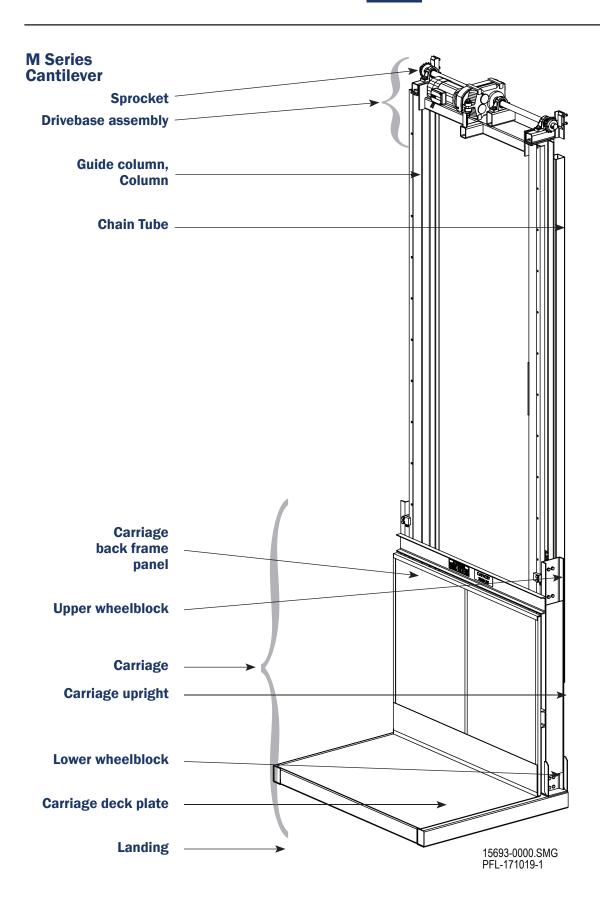
Single panel vertical The VAC gate panel closes to the floor and opens in the upward direction. **acting gate (VAC)**

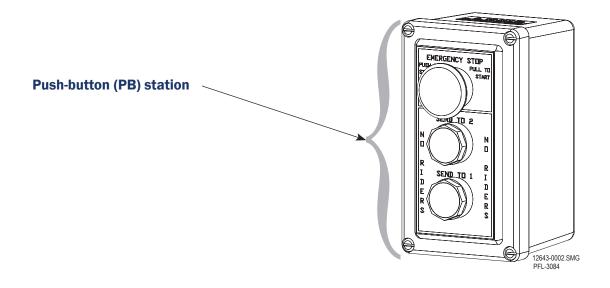
Double panel verticalacting gate (BVAC)
The BVAC gate is the same as the single panel VAC above in operation and use except the two (2) panels telescope from a nested position.

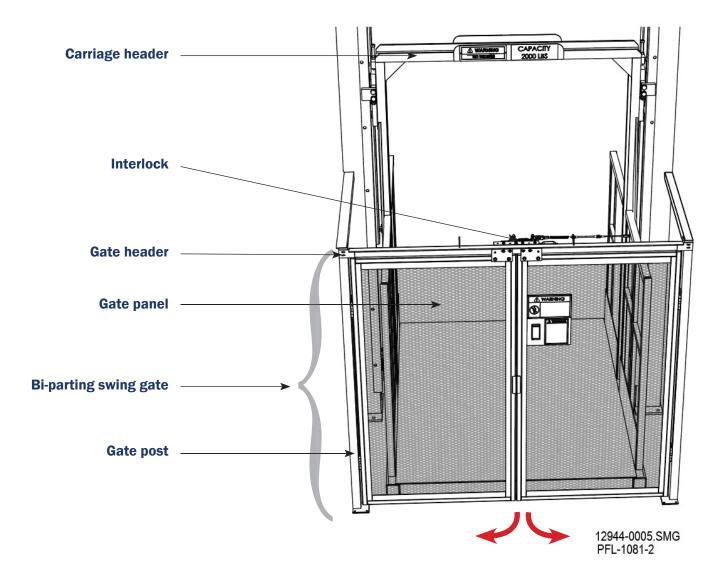
Horizontal sliding gate The horizontal sliding gate operates in the same manner as a vertical acting gate except the gate functions in the horizontal direction.

Roll-up door The roll-up door can be anything from an industrial type roll-up steel door to self-storage facility type door.













Section 6 | Electrical Standards and Definitions



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Field Electrical Wiring Standards

All electrical wiring and craftsmanship completed in the field shall be in accordance with existing state, local and National Electrical Code (NEC) standards.

Definitions

In-field electrical wiring

All hard wiring of all electrical devices external of control panel.

Control circuit

The control circuit refers to all circuits and devices at 120 VAC and below.

Power circuit

Power circuit refers to all circuits and devices at 208 VAC and above.

Systems

Systems refers to automated vertical and horizontal conveyors.

Requirements

- 1. It is recommended that all control circuit wiring is #14 AWG, copper, stranded, type THHN or equal, 600 VAC.
- 2. It is required that all power circuit wiring is #12 AWG minimum (sized appropriately for the load), copper, stranded, type THHN or equal. A green grounding wire shall be provided to power devices.
- 3. Per NFPA 79, the colors of individual conductors shall be:

Power wiring - Black 24 VAC neutral - White 115 VAC - Red 24 DC - Blue

115 VAC - Red 24 DC - Blue 115 VAC neutral - White 0VDC - White/blue

24 VAC - Red/black Ground - Green or green/yellow

Note: These colors only apply to individual conductors. These colors do not apply to prefabricated cables.

- 4. All wires must be labeled on each end with the wire number from the electrical drawing using a machine or computer generated label, utilizing black characters on a white background.
- 5. All field devices must be individually terminated in the control panel.
- 6. Screw on solderless connectors (wire nuts) shall be of the insulated type, spring lock, and of the proper size to accommodate wires.
- 7. Terminal lugs shall be of the insulated type, crimp style, and of the proper size to accommodate wire(s) and terminal fasteners.
- 8. Conduit and related hardware shall conform to local, state, and NEC standards. The minimum size shall be 1/2". Connectors and couplings shall be appropriate for conduit type.
- 9. Flexible conduit shall be a minimum of 1/2", shall be of the liquid-tight type, and shall be installed with compatible liquid-tight connectors.
- 10. The customer shall locate and install a fused disconnect switch within the line of sight of the control panel. The customer shall ensure accessibility to the disconnect switch with regard to existing electrical codes and standards.
- 11. Control wiring and conduit shall be separate from the power wiring and conduit.
- 12. Drop cords (flexible cords) shall be multi-conductor festoon-type cable where applicable.

Section 6 | Electrical Standards and Definitions



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Electrical Ruling Bodies

NEMA *National Electrical Manufacturers Association* provides national testing and manufacturing standards body of electrical apparatus.

UL *Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.* is an independent testing laboratory. Many local codes require UL control panels and electrical apparatus.

JiC Joint Industry Council is an advisory group that provides standards for production equipment, safety, and dependability.

NFPA *National Fire Protection Association* is the ruling board of NEC and sets national fire and safety standards for equipment and manufacturing facilities.

CSA Canadian Standards Association is a regulatory agency of Canada.

ANSI *American National Standards Institute* oversees the creation, promulgation, and use of thousands of norms and guidelines that directly impact businesses.

ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers is a leader in technical innovation with a focus on advancing and applying engineering knowledge and communicating the excitement of engineering. This group is the Secretariat for ANSI.

NEC *National Electrical Code* is an advisory board to NFPA with recommendations and codes usually adopted throughout the United States.

PFlow's Standard

NEMA 12 classification is to be used in a general purpose, indoor only application.

All PFlow Industries, Inc. control systems are built to a NEMA 12 minimum classification. All PFlow Industries, Inc. control systems conform to the following standards:

- NFPA 70 (NEC): The National Electrical Code.
- JNFPA 79: Electrical standard for industrial machinery.

Outdoor Application

Outdoor VRCs or electrical devices exposed to severe weather conditions should not be rated less than NEMA type 4. This is a watertight, dust-tight, indoor-outdoor classification that will provide protection against splashing water, seepage of water, falling or hose-directed water, and severe external condensation.

Corrosive Application

The chemical industry on the whole usually specifies a minimum NEMA type 4X. A NEMA 4X rating is similar to a NEMA 4 with added corrosion resistance.

Section 6 | Electrical Standards and Definitions

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PFlow's Standard (continued)

Hazardous Location

Hazardous locations are an extremely specialized electrical classification. Few electrical experts exist in this field. All hazardous locations must be handled as defined by the class, division, and group designator for the job site condition.

The NEC has three classes (I, II, III), - two divisions, (1 and 2) and seven group designations (A, B, C, D, E, F, and G).

Class Definitions

Class I locations: Locations in which flammable gases, flammable liquid-produced vapors, or combustible liquid-produced vapors are or may be present in the air in quantities sufficient to produce explosive or ignitable mixtures.

Class II locations: Locations that are hazardous because of the presence of combustible dust.

Class III locations: Locations that are hazardous because of the presence of easily ignitable fibers or where materials producing combustible flyings are handled, manufactured, or used, but in which such fibers/filings are not likely to be in suspension in the air in quantities sufficient to produce ignitable mixture.

Division Definitions

Division 1 is an extremely dangerous explosive condition that exists normally.

Division 2 is a dangerous explosive condition that could exist but usually does not.

Group Designations

Group designations are given by the NFPA, State Fire Marshals, insurance companies or consulting engineering firms according to the gasses, dust, or other particles in the area and the spark or temperature needed to produce an explosion.

Section 6 | Electrical Standards and Definitions



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Mechanical Overview

Each Series M (mechanical) Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC) consist of two (2) columns, a drivebase assembly with a gearmotor reducer, drive shaft with two (2) lift sprocket assemblies, a moving carriage deck, and if furnished, interlocked safety gates or doors. In addition, a main control panel and typically at least one push-button station per level are furnished. For more information on the electrical components, see Section 8 in this manual.

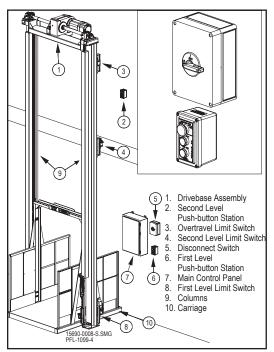
Lift Columns

The Series M consists of two (2) vertical upright columns. These are anchored to the floor at the lower floor level, positioned by the drivebase at the top, and braced to the building structure at the upper and intermediate levels.

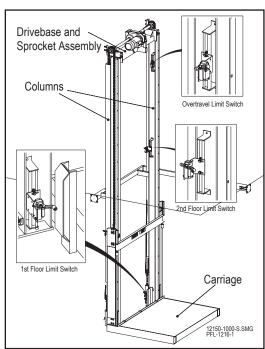
Each column has a guide angle welded to one flange of the column to form a track. A chain tube guard is welded to the face of the other flange.

Straddle / Cantilever Configuration

There are two (2) configuration types available for this model. "Straddle" has a column located on each side of the carriage. The guide angles face each other allowing the carriage to ride between them. See Figure 7-1. "Cantilever" has both columns located at the back of the carriage. See Figure 7-2. There is no difference in the operation or maintenance between these models.







Cantilever Orientation Figure 7-2

Drivebase Assembly

The drivebase assembly consists of a motor, brake, gearmotor reducer (commonly referred to as a gear motor assembly), lift sprockets, a drive shaft, bearings, and a support structure. Roller lift chains connect to tensioner chains and chain tensioners complete the components. See Figure 7-3 and Figure 7-4.

Inside each column, one end of a lift chain connects to an upper wheelblock assembly which is bolted to the carriage upright.

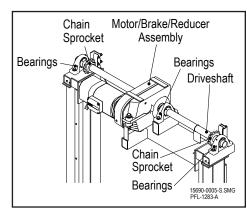
The lift chain goes up and over the lift sprocket at the top of the column drivebase

assembly, then proceeds downward through the chain guard (chain tube), and connects to the smaller tensioner chain.

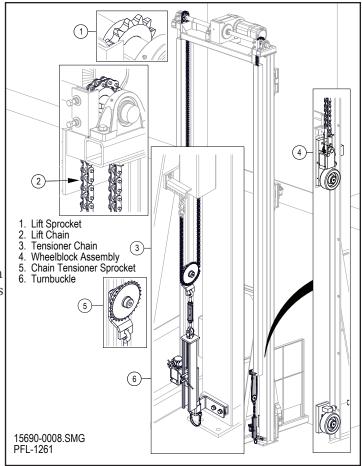
The tensioner chain then travels around the small chain tensioner sprocket and back up to the carriage to fasten to a chain tensioner bracket (shown in Figure 7-4, Item 5) or bolt on the upper wheelblock.

The tensioner sprocket is spring-loaded by the chain tensioner which maintains tension on the chain/ tensioner combination. If the lift chain is pulled too tight or becomes slack, the chain tensioner limit switch is activated to shut off power to the VRC.

The chain tensioner is adjusted at a turnbuckle on the chain tensioner assembly.



Drivebase Assembly Figure 7-3



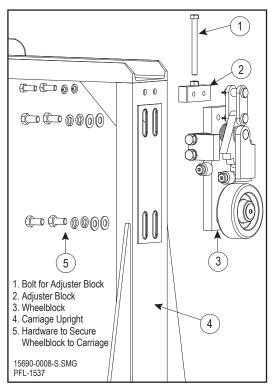
Lift Chain Tensioner Assembly Figure 7-4

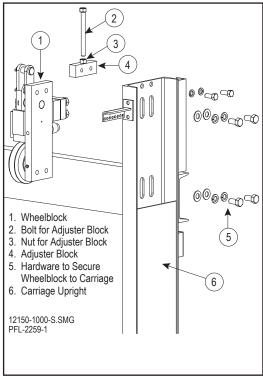
NOTICE

This VRC uses special high strength chain. Do not use standard ANSI roller chain or connecting links as a replacement. Contact PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department for the required chain specification.

Upper Wheelblocks

Two (2) upper wheelblocks are bolted to the carriage uprights. This allows the wheels to ride within the lift columns and guide the carriage travel. See Figure 7-5 for straddle VRCs and Figure 7-6 for cantilever VRCs.



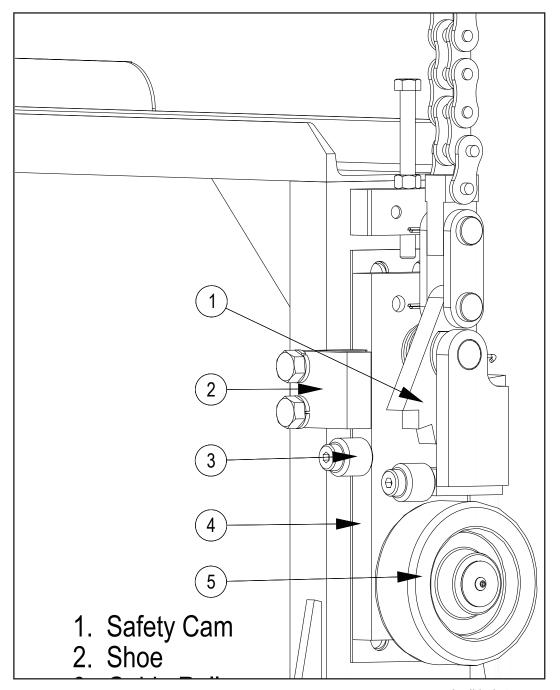


Straddle Orientation Figure 7-5

Cantilever Orientation Figure 7-6

Upper Wheelblocks

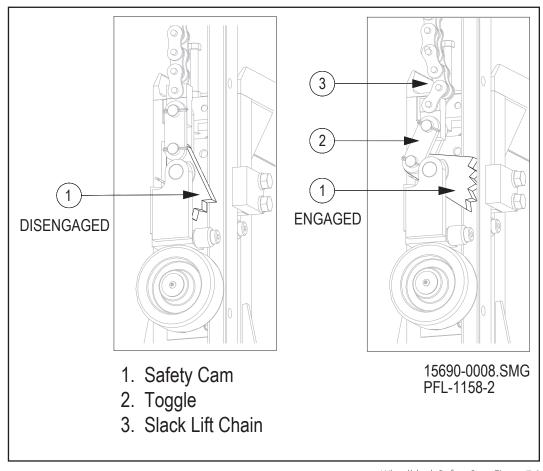
Each upper wheelblock has a mounting base block, a wheel, and two (2) guide rollers. The guide rollers locate the wheelblocks within the guide angle. Each upper wheelblock has a safety cam with teeth and a wheelblock shoe. The wheelblock shoe (bolted to the wheelblock base) fits around the outside of the column guide angle track while the steel safety cam is pivoted on the wheelblock mounting block. It is torsion spring-loaded. See Figure 7-7.



Upper Wheelblock Figure 7-7

Wheelblock Safety Cam Function

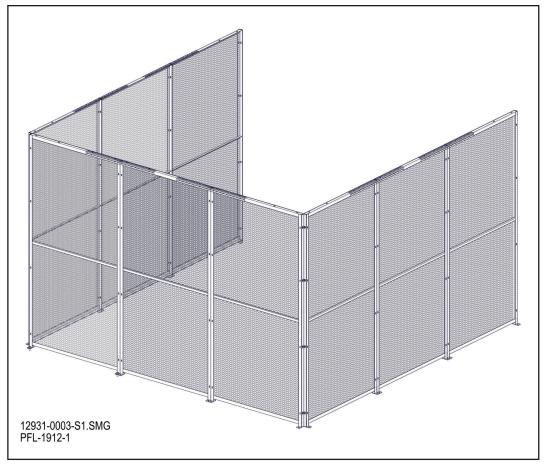
If the lift chain breaks or becomes slack, the safety cam will pivot into a jam position with the column guide angle to stop the carriage from falling. The guide shoe on the outside of the guide angle track helps wedge the guide angle track wheelblock shoe and the safety cam teeth. See Figure 7-8.



Wheelblock Safety Cam Figure 7-8

Enclosures

In accordance with ASME B20.1-2015, Section I-3.9, PFlow Industries, Inc. supplies standard 8' (2438mm) tall enclosure panels to be installed around the Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC) as required by site conditions. The enclosure panels are steel with 1-1/2" (38mm) angle frame and 16 gauge flattened expanded metal designed to reject a ball 2" (51mm) in diameter. PFlow Industries, Inc. standard enclosure panels are typically 8' tall (2438mm). Full height enclosures (FHE) are furnished when designed for site specific requirements. See Figure 7-9.



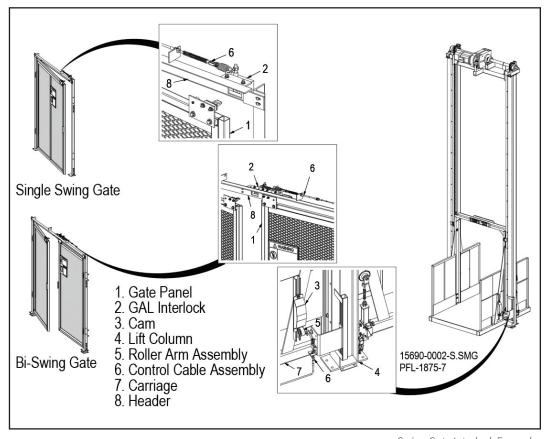
Floor Level Enclosures Figure 7-9

Gate Assemblies

A safety gate assembly or door is provided at each level opening accessing in the lift area. All gates and/or doors accessing the lift area are electromechanically interlocked. When a gate or door is open the interlock prevents movement of the carriage away from the respective level. When the carriage is not present at a level, opening the gate or door is prevented by the mechanical interlock. See Figure 7-10.

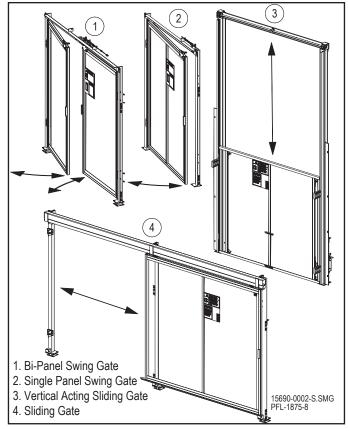
PFlow Industries, Inc. offers various styles of interlocks depending upon the gate type and application.

The parts section of this manual contains views with part numbers.



Swing Gate Interlock Examples Figure 7-10

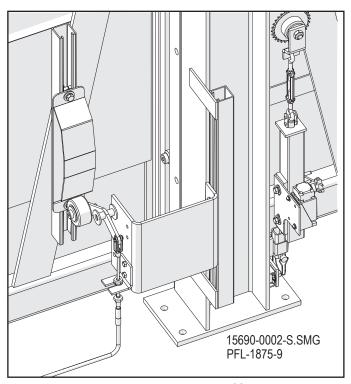
Examples



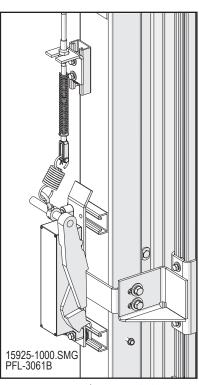
16520-1000.SMG PFL-3076G

Swing Gate Interlock Examples Figure 7-11

Peelle - VAC Figure 7-12







Anderson - VAC Figure 7-14

Electrical Overview

The following is a standard description of the electrical wiring of an M series VRC. This does not include any specifics on options available or ordered (e.g., gates, DeckLocks, photo eyes) A copy of the electrical schematic can be found in the control panel and the shipping packet originally included in the parts crate.

WARNING

Falling hazard! Make sure all safety devices are in place and operable before using the equipment. If any safety device is missing or inoperable, immediately remove the equipment from service.

Per ASME B20, all gates or doors accessing the lift area must be electro-mechanically interlocked. This requires electrical contacts to prevent the lift from operating if a gate is open when the carriage is at the level and mechanical locks to lock the gate until the carriage is at that level.

NOTE

Different gate interlock types and styles are supplied depending upon the gate type and site conditions. Standard gate styles can incorporate one to four electrical components per gate.

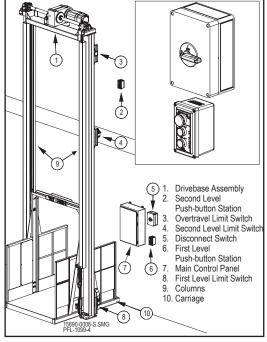
Main Control Panel

All electrical devices are connected individually to the main control panel. The main control panel contains a fused transformer, motor starter, relays, etc. A motor overload and current sensor is provided to protect the motor from excessive current draw.

Push-button Stations

One station is normally supplied for each level. ASME B20.1 code requires that the push-button stations be remotely located and unable to be activated by someone standing on the carriage. Each push-button station contains Send to "x" push-buttons and an emergency stop (E-stop).

The Send to "x" push-buttons are momentary contact. This means the operator can press and release the Send to "x" push-button and the carriage will travel to the selected level. The operator does not need to hold the Send to "x" push-button for the carriage



Electrical Components Figure 8-1

to continue moving. When pressed, the emergency stop prevents the carriage from moving. The emergency stop must be pulled out before carriage movement can be initiated again.

Main Disconnect Switch

As required by NEC code, the main disconnect switch must be fused, lockable, and located within line of sight of the control panel and no more than 6' 6" (1981mm) off the floor.

Section 8 | Electrical Overview



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Drivebase Assembly

The motor / brake is located on the drivebase assembly. The motor and brake wiring must be verified prior to energizing the VRC.

Limit Switches

The M series VRC has five (5) limit switches incorporated into a standard two-level VRC: one (1) at each level to stop the carriage, one (1) overtravel, and two (2) chain tensioner switches. All limit switches require field mounting and wiring. VRCs servicing more than two levels require two (2) additional limit switches for each intermediate level.

Section 9 | Sequence of Operation

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Before You Begin

Read this entire manual before operating the Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC).

Service must be performed by qualified and trained service technicians only.

NOTICE

ASME B20.1-2015 defines a qualified person as a person who, by possession of a recognized degree or certificate of professional standing, or by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated his/her ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter and work.

Personnel to carry out work on the VRC must exclusively be qualified personnel who - based upon their education, experience, instructions as well as knowledge concerning relevant standards and provisions, accident prevention, regulations and operating conditions - have been authorized by the person being responsible for safety, to carry out the activities described in these instructions and who - when doing so - are in a position to recognize possible risks early and to avoid them.

ADANGER

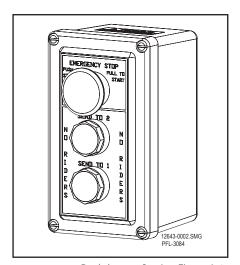
- Stay within the rated lift capacity.
- Make sure all safety devices are in place and operable before using the
 equipment. If any safety device is missing or inoperable, immediately
 remove the equipment from service.
- Falling hazard! Always make sure the carriage is present before walking through doorways.
- Keep clear of unsupported platforms. Stay out of the area under a raised platform. If a maintenance operation requires the carriage to remain in the raised position, physically secure the carriage with a maintenance pin, DeckLock system, chains, cables, or with a maintenance operation option for the platform.

WARNING

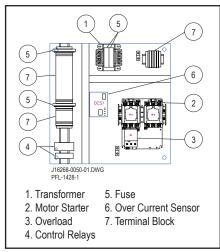
- Passengers are not permitted. Riding may result in death or serious personal injury.
- Allow only competent adults who have been properly trained in the safe use of this equipment to operate it.
- This equipment can be dangerous if not used properly. Allow only properly trained and authorized personnel to operate this equipment.
- Close all gates before the carriage is moved. Never leave the lift unattended
 with the gates in the open position. Never close gates when a person is on
 the carriage or within the fenced area.
- Place the load in the center of the lift platform to avoid shifting loads. Make sure that any portion of the load does not overhang the perimeter of the carriage. This could create an unstable load condition.

Begin Sequence

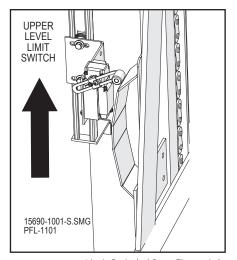
- 1. Press the desired floor level button. See Figure 9-1. The coil in the motor starter magnetically closes the high voltage contacts and the power circuit to the motor starter. See Figure 9-2. This action turns the motor in the needed direction.
- 2. The brake is released. The motor turns the gears in the reducer, which in turn rotates the keyed drive shaft. The drive sprockets on the shaft turn resulting in the raising or lowering of the lift chains. The lift chains are fastened to carriage wheelblocks, which are bolted to the carriage uprights. Adjustments to the wheelblock levels the carriage deck.
- 3. When the carriage arrives at the next level, the floor level limit switch is activated by a carriage mounted cam. See Figure 9-3. When the floor limit switch is activated, the switch cuts the power to the motor circuit. The motor starter contacts open, the motor stops, and the brake is applied. This stops and holds the carriage position.



Push-button Station Figure 9-1



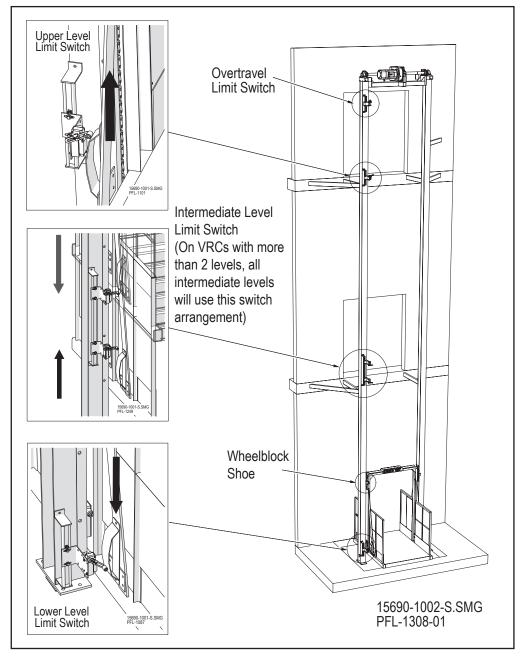
Control Panel Example Figure 9-2



Limit Switch / Cam Figure 9-3

Sequence (continued)

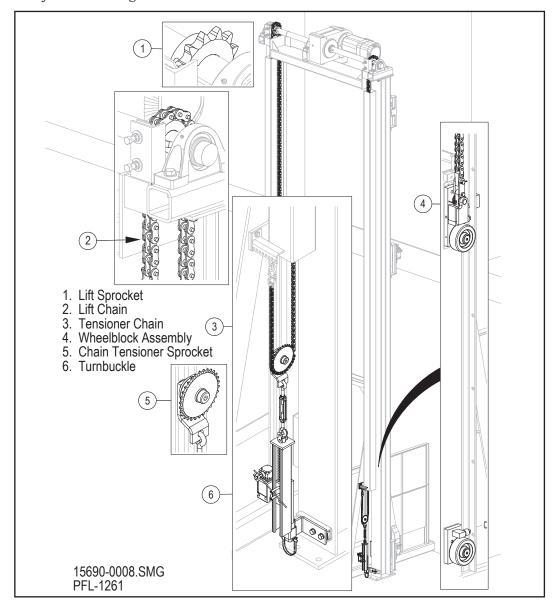
4. The carriage overtravel limit switch is a safety device mounted on the column above the uppermost floor level limit switch. In the event of failure to activate the uppermost floor level limit switch, the overtravel limit switch is activated when it comes into contact with the carriage mounted wheelblock shoe on the side of the carriage. The switch cuts the power to the motor circuit. The motor starter contacts open, the motor stops, and the brake is applied. This stops and holds the carriage position. Before activating the VRC, have a qualified electrical controls technician investigate why the uppermost floor level limit switch failed and correct the problem. See Figure 9-4.



Limit Switch Figure 9-4

Sequence (continued)

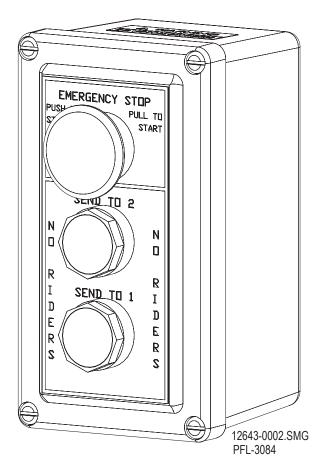
- 5. If there is excessive motor current draw that can cause motor overheating, the overcurrent sensor (OCS) in the control panel will protect the lift motor by cutting off the power to the control circuit. This will happen when the VRC is loaded beyond its rated capacity. See Section 15 for more information.
- 6. The chain tensioner limit switch is typically mounted at the bottom of the lift column. If a lift chain becomes slack or are broken, the chain tensioner limit switch will activate to shut off power to the motor and apply the brake. The wheel block safety cam will rotate and set on the column. The carriage will stop. The VRC will not operate until the lift chain is repaired and the chain tensioner readjusted. See Figure 9-5.



Lift Chain Tensioner Figure 9-5

To Operate the Lift

- 1. Close all gates and make sure the gate latches are engaged.
- 2. Press the desired floor level button to move the carriage to the desired floor. The carriage will stop when the appropriate level is reached.
- 3. When the VRC arrives at the appropriate level and comes to a complete stop, open the gate.
- 4. If an emergency occurs when the carriage is moving, push the emergency stop (E-stop) button. The button will keep the lift inoperable until the button is pulled out. See Figure 9-6.



Push-button Station Figure 9-6

Section 9 | Sequence of Operation



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Eurodrive Reducer

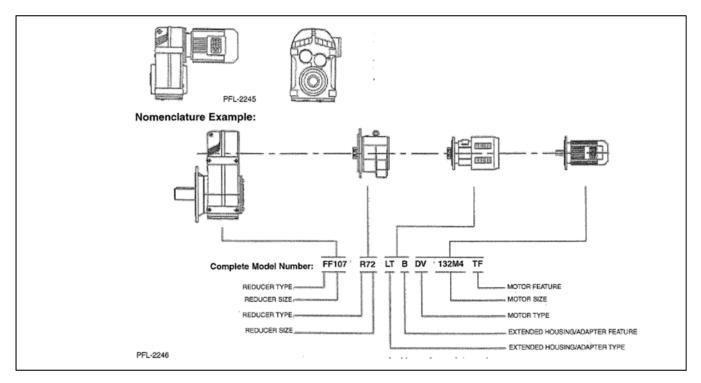


Figure 11 - 1

The SEW-Eurodrive model number consists of a series of letters to designate the type of unit or feature and numbers to designate the size of the unit. The model number always begins with the output side of the unit and ends with the input side. For use in our application, PFlow Industries, Inc. typically purchases only the following types:

- Helical Gear Unit Types FA Shaft Mount. Typically there are no additional features or extended housing/adapter types.
- Extended Housing Adapter Features: B Disc Brake, HR Manual Brake Release (self-engaging)
- Motor Types: DT, DV AC Squirrel cage Motor
- Motor Features: BM, BMG Disc Brake; HR Manual Brake Release (self-engaging);
 TH Thermostat Protection (used in inverter applications)

WARNING

Check oil level prior to operation!

NOTICE

Make sure the plastic stop in the vent plug is removed before operating the gear unit. This will ensure that no pressure buildup will take place inside the gear unit.



Oil Level

To check the oil level, remove the red painted screw plug. The level is correct when the surface of the oil is level with the lowest point of the tapped hole.

Lubrication

Each gear unit is supplied from the factory with the correct grade and quantity of lubricant for the specified mounting position.

Dear Units	Туре	Manufacturer	Ambient Temperature (C)
F37-127	Mobilgear 629 (M)	Mobile Oil Co.	-15° to +25°
F37-127	Mobil SHC 630 (S)	Mobil Oil Co.	-25° to +60°
F37-127	Mobile SHC 629 (S)	Mobil Oil Co.	-30° to +50°
M = Mineral Oil; S = Synthetic Oil			

Gear Unit	F37	F47	F67	F77	F87	F97	F107	F127
Mounting Position (H3)	0.29/1.1	0.45/1.7	0.85/3/2	1.66/6.3	2.96/11.2	5.42/20.5	7.40/28	12.94/49

Maintenance

- 1. All oil levels and oil quality must be inspected every 5,000 hours of operation. If the oil is contaminated, burned, or waxed, change the oil immediately and flush out the box if necessary.
- 2. Under normal operating conditions, change oil every 10,000 hours of operation or two years.
- 3. When synthetic oil is used, change the oil every 40,000 hours or four years.

These suggested intervals are subject to change if the units are running in high temperature, high humidity, or corrosive environments.

Storage

Motors must be stored in the normal position. Motors in storage or operated very intermittently must be run briefly at least once a month to protect the gears and seals by circulating the lubrication. For long term storage, motors should be completely filled with oil containing a rust preventative which is soluble in lubricating oil or drained of oil and cleaned with a rust preventative applied to the shaft, gears, and bearings. When taken out of storage for use, the gear motor must be cleaned and refilled with the proper oil.

Eurodrive Motor Information

The SEW-Eurodrive AC motors are designed for continuous operation under difficult operating conditions. They are supplied integral to a SEW-Eurodrive gear unit or as foot mounted or flange mounted design.

Enclosures

The AC motors are provided as totally enclosed fan cooled (TEFC) in accordance with NEMA MG1-1.26.2-1993. They are also provided as an IP54 enclosure rating in accordance with DIN 40050 as standard or with IP55 or IP65 ratings as a modification.



Bearings

The following chart lists the bearings for the appropriate motor frame sizes:

	Driving	End Side A	Fan End Side B
Frame Size	Geared	Flanged and Footed	Geared, Flanged & Footed
DT71-80	6303 C3-2RS	6204 C3-2RS	6303 C3-2RS
DT90-100	6306	C3-2RS	6305 C3-2RS
DV112-132S	6307 C3-2RS	6208 C3-2RS	6307 C3-2RS
DV132MML-100M	630	9 C3-2Z	6209 C3-2Z
DV160L-180	6312 C3-2Z		6213 C3-2Z
DV200-225	631	4 C3-2Z	6214 C3-2Z

Insulation Classes

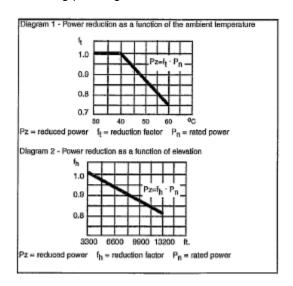
All single-speed and tapped-wound two-speed AC motors have Class B insulation as standard. Class F or Class H insulation can be provided as a modification.

Supply Voltages and Frequencies

SEW-Eurodrive AC motors can be supplied suitable for operation on any voltage in the range of 200-660 volts. The standard voltages are 230/460V and 575V. The standard operation frequency is 60 Hz.

Ambient Temperature and Altitude

The ratings of these motors are based on continuous operation at 40° C ambient temperature and a maximum elevation of 3,300 feet above sea level. For warmer ambient temperatures or greater installation heights, it is necessary to reduce the motor power rating per diagrams 1 and 2 below.





SEW Eurodrive Brake Operation



This document is not a replacement for the SEW Eurodrive "operating instructions" - always refer to the SEW "operating instructions" for safety and installation information. Additional resource and information for the DR motor "be" brakes can be found at the www.seweurodrive.com under the technical notes tab.

15870-0003

SEW EURODRIVE gearmotors are designed and manufactured with totally enclosed, fan-cooled, squirrel-cage induction motors which are designed for operation under difficult conditions. The windings are protected with a special insulating material, Class B or better. The brake motors incorporate a DC

disc brake, and the supply is taken from a half-wave rectifier mounted inside the motor terminal box and an SR relay (when provided) mounted on the motor terminal box which switches DC power on and off.

The voltage to the brake must be applied and removed at the same time as the power to the motor.

- 1. Voltage to the rectifier energizes the brake coil and releases the brake.
- 2. Removal of the voltage to the rectifier de-energizes the brake coil and allows the brake to be applied.
- 3. The SR relay (when provided) switches the DC voltage to the brake coil, shortening the brake response time.
- 4. The AC voltage to the brake will be rectified to a DC level of 50% of the AC voltage supplied.

Maintenance

The only maintenance normally required is to ensure the area between the cooling fins and the area through which the air is drawn in the fan guard is kept clean, the brake disc air gap is checked and that an audible check is made on the bearings. If the motor is being overhauled, the bearings must be cleaned and repacked. If the motor has to operate in moist or wet surroundings, then it is very important that upon reassembly of the motor, the end shield tenons are coated with a sealing compound such as Loctite.





Dangerous high voltage potential exists. Use extreme care when testing.

WARNING

Do not work on this power unit without the platform secured or blocked in place.

NOTICE

Only a qualified controls electrician should work on the VRCs electrical circuits and within the main control panel. All instructions that involve electrical work apply to the electrician.



BMG BRAKE SYSTEM OPERATION

The BMG brake with a SR relay (when provided) is based on the fail-safe circuit principle. See Figure 11-1. The brake is released when the power is applied to the brake coil, and a spring applies the brake when power is removed. In case of a power failure, the brake still holds.

The brake coil consists of two coils. One coil is called the accelerator coil and the other is called the partial coil. When power is applied, the accelerator coil is energized, releasing the brake quickly. Shortly thereafter, the partial coil is switched on electronically (done internally by rectifier module) and place in series with the accelerator coil. Both coils in series are used for holding. The two coils together use less power for holding; when power is removed from the brake, reaction time is shortened. To further increase braking speed and to eliminate wiring needed from the control panel to the brake, a SR relay is used. Units without a SR relay (motor junction box on the motor does not have the SR relay extending out the of the motor junction box side) must have the brake circuit wired from the control panel to the motor junction box.

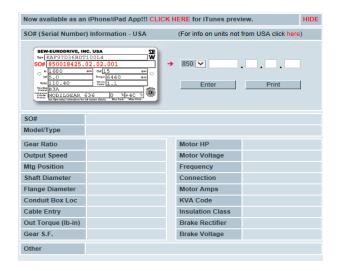
DR motor brake SR relay connection diagrams



Figure 11-1

Verify your specific SEW Eurodrive connection diagram by locating the "Circuit Diagram" sheet located in the motor junction box. A specific motor connection diagram label is fixed on the inside of the motor junction box cover.

See Figure 11-1



With the SEW Eurodrive SO# (on motor nameplate) the SEW website will indicate the connection diagram number (i.e. connection R72B)



15870-0005

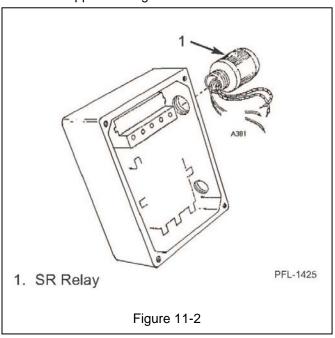
The QR code (15870-0005) links to the SEW Eurodrive SO# lookup page.

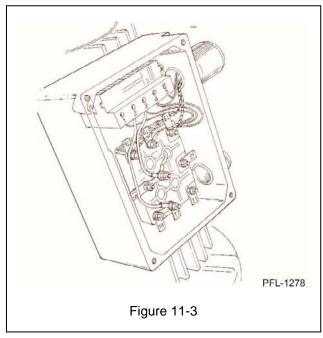
http://www.seweurodrive.com/s_ptpilot/so_information.php5



SR RELAY WIRING (WHEN USED)

BSR control: combination of the BG or BGE rectifier and the SR relay. Used for fast brake action without additional customer supplied wiring or contacts.



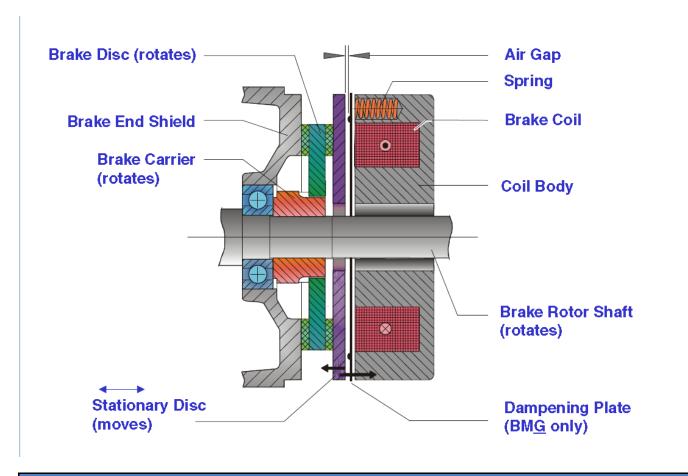


Troubleshooting

Fault	Cause	Solution	
Brake does not disengage.	 Wrong voltage on the rectifier module. Rectifier has failed. The maximum permissible air gap due to brake line wear. Voltage drop in the high voltage connection. 	 Apply correct voltage (check the motor/brake nameplate). Replace rectifier. Readjust brake. If brake lining is completely worn out, replace the disc brake. Ensure correct line voltage. 	
2. Motor does not brake.	 Brake lining is completely worn. The air gap has increased to a point where the adjusting nuts are run up tight. The hand brake is not properly adjusted. 	 Replace brake disc. Reset brake. The adjusting nuts must be properly adjusted. 	
Braking action is too slow.	 The brake is actuated with the normal brake action circuit. SR relay defective. During reassembly, the brass shims were omitted. 	 The brake is to be actuated with fast brake action circuit. Replace the SR relay. Install the brass shims. 	



BRAKE COMPONENTS



NOTICE

For SEW Eurodrive brake only!

See the manufacturer's "Brake Service and Maintenance" information prior to working on the brake.



15870-0006

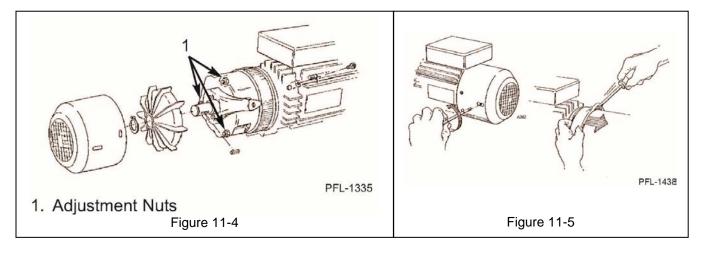
http://www.seweurodrive.com/s_admin/inc.training/files/Brake_Service_and_Maintenance.pdf

ADJUSTING BRAKE AIR GAP

NOTICE

Air gap is factory set. Adjust only after consulting factory.

- Remove cover and fan.
- Tighten the three brake adjustment nuts lightly. See Figure 11-4 and Figure 11-5.



- 3. Slide the rubber seal to the side to expose the stationary disc and brass shim.
- 4. Loosen the three brake adjustment nuts until the correct brake working air gap is obtained between the shim and stationary disc. See the table below for the correct air gap. Also refer to Figure 11-6 and Figure 11-7 on the next page.
- 5. Any adjustment to the air gap will also affect the play in the manual release.
- 6. Since the stationary disc will move away from the coil body during the brake's operation, it is vital that there is free play (floating clearance) on the release arm of 0.060"-0.080" (1.5-2.0 mm). The springs should be placed between the arm and the nuts to eliminate noise.

Motor Size	Brake Size	Air Gap	
DT71 - DT100	BM(G)05 - BM(G)4	0.010"-0.024" (0.25-0.6 mm)	
DV112 - DV225	BM(G)8 - BM31	0.012"-0.047" (0.3-1.2 mm)	
DV180 - DV225	BM32-BM62 Double Disc	0.016"-0.047" (0.4-1.2 mm)	
DV250 DV200	BMG61	0.012"-0.047" (0.3mm - 1.2mm)	
DV250 - DV280	BMG122 Double Disk	0.016"-0.047" (0.4mm-1.2mm)	
Table 1			





NOTICE

Adjustments to the air-gap must be made evenly.

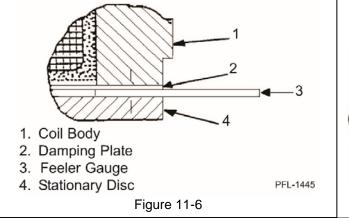
Adjust each nut and recheck adjustment once the final gap has been set.

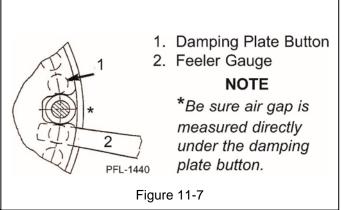
NOTICE

There must always be clearance on the release arm lever.

The brake release mechanism is not used to change the brake's torque setting.







Brake Disc Inspection

- Remove cover and fan.
- 2. Slide rubber seal back to expose brake disc. See Figure 11-4 and Figure 11-5 on the previous page.



Hand Release Mechanism

Most brakes are supplied with a hand operated release lever allowing the operator to open the brake without applying power to make adjustments on the driven machinery.

The "BMHR" 4-type requires a lever to be inserted into the release arm. To open the brake, pull the lever away from the motor. Brake will re-engage automatically when the lever is released. The lever, when not used, is attached to the motor's cooling fins with clamps.

Since the stationary disc will move away from the coil body during the brake's operation, it is vital that there is free play (floating clearance) on the release arm of 0.060" - 0.080". The springs should be placed between the arm and the nuts to eliminate noise.

NOTICE

The brake release mechanism is not used to change the brake's torque setting. There must always be clearance on the lever.

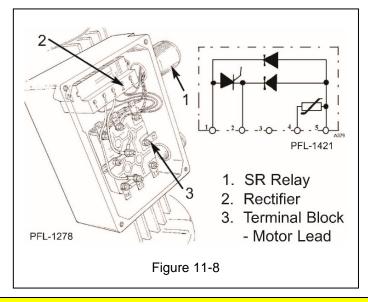
Testing Brake Rectifier



To prevent electrical shock, be sure to disconnect the power to the brake circuit before attempting to service or repair.

The BGE rectifier module, due to its internal construction, cannot be checked thoroughly with an ohmmeter. You can only check to see if any internal parts are damaged to an open state, which would show an infinity reading on the meter.

- 1. Identify as BGE style (red cover).
- 2. Remove all wires from the terminal strip of the rectifier.
- 3. Set meter range to K Ω .
- 4. Check for opens between all terminals. An extremely low resistance reading may indicate a defective rectifier.
- 5. To isolate the brake problem to the rectifier module as potentially defective, it may be necessary to replace or check voltages on the rectifier to see if it is functioning properly.



CAUTION

Before replacing the rectifier module, determine the cause of the failure to prevent damage to the replacement module.



Notes



- Do not use any corrosive or flammable solvents or cleaning agents on the machine that contain TRI, PER, TETRA, or FCHC. Read the instructions on the packaging when use is made of chemical substances (cleaning agents).
- Electrical components should not make contact with water or other liquids.
- Do not clean the VRC or any of its components with compressed air or water under high pressure.
- Do not use abrasive steel pads, wire brushes, or scrapers when cleaning.
- Avoid parts made of rubber or plastic, such as cables and gaskets, from making contact with oil, solvents, or other chemicals.
- Climbing, sitting, walking, or riding on equipment while the equipment is in operation could result in death or serious injury.
- Close all gates before the carriage is moved. Never leave the VRC unattended with the gates in the open position. Never close gates when a person is on the carriage or within the fenced area.



- The most common reason for access to the area beneath the carriage is to remove debris from the pit. This is best accomplished using a long handled broom or rake to avoid entering the pit under the raised carriage deck. Only qualified person following proper lockout/tagout procedures with the carriage properly secured in a raised position are permitted to access the pit or hoistway enclosure at the bottom level. Refer to Bulletin 15709-0083 for additional information.
- Entanglement hazard! Secure long hair, wear snug-fitting clothing, and avoid wearing jewelry while using the VRC.

Cleaning

- 1. Remove all product from the VRC carriage.
- 2. Lockout the VRC in accordance with the facility Lockout/Tagout program.



- 3. Remove spills and dirt by hand.
- 4. Refer to Bulletin 15709-0083 for additional information on procedures to access the area beneath the carriage to remove debris from beneath the carriage.
- 5. Report any unsafe condition or damage to the personnel responsible for the VRC and make sure that any damage is remedied before restarting the VRC. Do not allow the VRC to operate when unsafe conditions arise.

Section 12 | Cleaning - VRC







Section 13 | M Series Preventive Maintenance and Schedule Checklist



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The VRC requires minimal attention on a regular basis to prevent equipment failures or accelerated wear and tear. This section is provided for the assistance of qualified and trained service technicians only and is not intended for use by untrained or unauthorized service personnel. Make sure all steps are completed. A record of regular, properly conducted preventive maintenance provides a running history of any issues the VRC may have. The reports will identify trends, and helps anticipate expected wear and tear repairs. Sign and return to PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department via e-mail to psd@pflow.com

NOTICE

ASME B20.1 defines a qualified person as a person who, by possession of a recognized degree or certificate of professional standing, or by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated his/her ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter and work.

WARNING

- If any defects relating to operating safety and reliability are detected or if any damage occurs, the VRC must be taken out of operation immediately.
- Lockout/tagout the VRC before performing maintenance on electrical components. De-energize any circuit before work is begun.
- Take appropriate measures for safely working at heights.
- Make sure that no persons or objects are within the range of any moving parts of the VRC.
- Climbing, sitting, walking, or riding on equipment while the equipment is in operation could result in death or serious injury.
- If this VRC needs to be modified in any way, contact PFlow Industries, Inc. for assistance. Do not make any unauthorized changes.
- Before the VRC is put into operation, all VRC parts must comply with all relevant health and safety directives and regulations.
- Close all gates before the carriage is moved. Never leave the lift unattended with the gates in the open position. Never close gates when a person is on the carriage or within the fenced area.
- Entanglement hazard! Secure long hair, wear snug-fitting clothing, and avoid wearing jewelry while using the VRC.

Section 13 | M Series Preventive Maintenance and Schedule Checklist



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√	Action	How Often
	Verify overall operation.	monthly
	Verify that all level stops are flush with the floor level. Adjust as necessary.	monthly
	Verify that all areas under and around the VRC are clean.	monthly
	Verify that all gates and interlocks are functioning properly.	monthly
	Verify that all electrical components are undamaged.	monthly
	Verify that all gates and enclosures are undamaged and properly installed.	monthly
	Verify that all push-button stations and Emergency Stops (e-stops) are functioning on each level.	monthly
	Identify any unsafe condition. Document and report the condition immediately to the customer and then PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department. Do not allow the lift to operate when unsafe conditions arise.	monthly
	Verify that all nuts and bolts are tight. Adjust as necessary.	3 months
	Verify that all moving components are functioning properly.	3 months
	Inspect and lubricate all chains (e.g., lift, tensioner, gate) with non-detergent, petroleum-based SAE 30 oil. Inspect for wear, rust, bent, cracked, or binding links.	3 months
	Inspect limit switches and operation. Adjust as necessary.	3 months
	Verify that the chain sprocket position is centered over the chain tube. Adjust the position if necessary. Apply Locktite® Blue 242 to the setscrew. Tighten and torque setscrew.	3 months
	Inspect all additional options and accessories (e.g., DeckLocks, maintenance pins) and operation. Adjust as necessary	3 months
	Inspect the wheelblock guide rollers for rotation interference and wear.	3 months
	Verify that all electrical connections are tight.	3 months
	Verify that all tensioners are properly adjusted. Adjust as necessary.	3 months
	Verify that the carriage is level. Adjust as necessary.	6 months
	Inspect all welding, bracing, and anchoring for structural integrity.	6 months
	Inspect the drivebase chain sprocket for wear.	6 months
	Grease the pillow block bearings on the drivebase with lithium axle grease. Apply Locktite® Blue 242 to the setscrews. Tighten and torque.	6 months
	Inspect the motor and brake. Measure and record the air gap on the brake.	12 months
	Remove the wheelblocks. Inspect the wheelblocks and safety cam for deterioration.	12 months



Customer signature:	Date work completed:
Name/Phone:	Authorized Technician(s):
Title:	Name:
E-mail:	Name:

Before You Begin

Read this entire manual before any troubleshooting and service is attempted on the Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC).

Service must be performed only by qualified and trained service technicians familiar with the safe operation of this equipment.

NOTICE

ASME B20.1 defines a qualified person as a person who, by possession of a recognized degree or certificate of professional standing, or by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated his/her ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter and work.

Personnel to carry out work on the VRC must exclusively be qualified personnel who - based upon their education, experience, instructions as well as knowledge concerning relevant standards and provisions, accident prevention, regulations and operating conditions - have been authorized by the person being responsible for safety, to carry out the activities described in these instructions and who - when doing so - are in a position to recognize possible risks early and to avoid them.

ADANGER



- High Voltage! A licensed electrician must install all electrical connections and permanent wiring in accordance with applicable local or national electrical codes. Make sure the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the current edition of the National Electrical Code NFPA No. 70.
- Keep clear of unsupported platforms. Stay out of the area under a raised platform. If a maintenance operation requires the carriage to remain in the raised position, use a means of support such as adequately sized maintenance chains, maintenance pins, DeckLocks, or straps with shackles around the drivebase that are capable of supporting the weight of the carriage. Refer to Bulletin 15709-0083 for additional information.

WARNING

• Assess the VRC and identify any potential load jambs.



- Lockout/tagout equipment before performing any adjustments or maintenance. If the equipment is not locked out, it could start unexpectedly and cause injury or damage. Make sure all personnel are aware of the potential for stored energy to be present even after the power has been locked out. Refer to ANSI Z244.1 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 for minimum requirements for a lockout/tagout system. There may be additional state or local requirements.
- Toppling Hazard! Secure all VRC components (e.g., lift chain, gate panels, enclosure panels) that may fall during the troubleshooting process.



• Falling Hazard! Secure all VRC access areas (e.g., gates, push-button stations) before any troubleshooting or service is begun. Never leave the VRC unattended with the gates in the open position. Never close gates when a person is on the carriage or within the fenced area.

Section 14 | Troubleshooting



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The following table identifies some of the most common issues with the VRC, the possible causes, and the suggested solution.

Malfunction	Possible Cause	Solution
Push-button	The emergency stop is pushed in.	Pull the emergency stop out.
controls do not start the motor.	Gates or doors are open or ajar.	Verify that all gates and doors are closed.
	Proofed diagonal drop bar on the carriage is up.	Lower the drop bar into position.
	Main power disconnect is off.	Verify that there is a reason the power is off before turning the power on.
	Thermal overload has tripped.	Press the reset button. If it trips again, determine the cause. The motor is overheating.
	Control fuse is blown.	Investigate if the problem is related to the main power fuses or the control fuses. Correct the problem and replace the fuse.
	Power circuit between the disconnect and starter is dead.	Using a voltmeter, measure the voltage. Repair as needed.
	Loose lift chain or tensioner chain.	Tighten the chain or adjust the chain tensioner or chain sensor.
	Broken tensioner chain.	Repair or replace as needed.
	A switch on the DeckLock is not functioning properly.	Investigate the DeckLock switches and repair as needed.
Motor starts and carriage raises, but	Gates or doors are open or ajar.	Close the gate or door. Inspect the door magnets and interlock. Adjust as needed.
motor stops before the second level.	Object encountered.	Identify the problem. Remove or repair as needed.
	Drive component interference.	Remove object. Repair if needed.
	OCS relay has tripped.	Lower and remove excessive weight. Inspect brake for possible malfunction, excessive ambient temperature, or mechanical binding.
	Loose lift chain or tensioner chain.	Tighten the chain or adjust the chain tensioner or chain sensor.
	Broken tensioner chain.	Repair or replace chain as needed.

Malfunction	Possible Cause	Solution
Lift motor starts for two seconds and stops.	Overcurrent sensor or motor overload trips.	Lighten the lifted load.
Carriage fails to stop at floor level.	Floor level limit switch is inoperable.	Adjust, repair, or replace the floor level limit switch.
	Brake inoperable.	Determine cause and effect. Repair if needed.
Carriage raises but will not lower.	Safety cam has set.	Identify the problem and repair as needed.
Carriage lowers but stops early.	Debris in the pit.	Remove debris from pit and clean the area.
Rough or noisy operation.	Interference between the chain and chain guards or chain guides.	Determine the cause and correct.
	Shaft pillow block bearings are worn or dry.	Inspect, lubricate, and replace as needed.
	Motor / reducer.	Determine the cause and correct.
	Travel interference.	Identify the problem, remove, and repair as needed.
	Drive component interference.	Identify the problem, remove, and repair as needed.
	Wheel guide rollers are worn.	Inspect and replace as needed. Determine the cause and correct.
	Wheelblock guide shoe is rubbing on main beams.	Determine the cause and correct.
	Chain tensioner sprocket bushing is worn or corroded.	Inspect and replace as needed.
	Carriage is not level.	Determine the cause and correct.
Motor hums but shaft does not rotate, then thermal overload trips.	Single phasing.	Use a voltmeter to ensure the incoming main leads are wired properly. Repair as needed.

Section 14 | Troubleshooting





Before You Begin

Read this entire manual.

Overcurrent Sensor (OCS) Purpose

The PFlow Industries, Inc. Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC) is equipped with an Overcurrent Sensor (OCS). The OCS is pre wired and located inside the electrical control panel. See Figure 21-1.

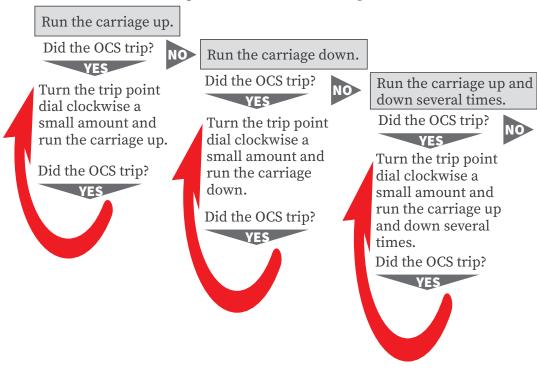
The OCS monitors the motor amp draw and provides enhanced over current protection of the lift motor. The OCS must be adjusted to the maximum "expected" current draw. If the motor current rises above the OCS set point, the OCS will trip. Tripping can be caused by a circuit malfunction, overloading the capacity of the lift, or an overhanging load trapped between floors.



Overcurrent Sensor Figure 21-1

Test and Calibrate the OCS

- 1. Turn the trip point dial to its lowest position.
- 2. Place the maximum product load on the carriage.



The OCS is properly adjusted.

Section 15 | Adjust Overcurrent Sensor





Section 16 | Recommended Spare Parts M Series



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This recommended spare parts list is generic (not specific to your unit). Part numbers are deleted due to variables specific to each application. This list is a guide to assist the customer in establishing an emergency inventory for your PFlow Industries, Inc. VRC. Convenience and minimal down time are two good reasons to maintain an inventory of spare parts. This list does not imply that any part is subject to failure. However, should any of these parts fail, they could put the VRC out of service.

Description	Quantity	Part Number
Wheelblocks (choose one size wheel type - refe	er to Bill of Material	s in Owner's Manual)
Wheel Assembly, Steel, 5 1/2	2	16505-0000
Wheel Assembly, Steel, 5 3/8	2	6304-0001
Wheel Assembly, Steel, 5 1/4	2	6380-0000
Wheel Assembly, Phenolic, 5 1/2	2	16716-0000
Wheel Assembly, Phenolic, 5 3/8	2	2591-1001
Wheel Assembly, Phenolic, 5 1/4	2	2591-0001
Roller, 1.25 OD Guide Plastic	4	5221-0000
Bolt, Shoulder, 5/8 x 1 1/4	4	5874-0020
Push-button Stations		
PB Station, 2-LVL, 22mm	1	13675-0002
Emergency Stop (E-Stop)	1	13692-0014
Operator Push-button Black Flush	1	13690-0003
General		
Paint 13 oz. PFlow Blue Aerosol Spray	1	2871-0003
Electrical Components		
Fuse, 0.8A, 600V, Class CC, Time Delay	5	8953-0007
Fuse, 1A, 250V, Time Delay	5	9448-0008
Fuse, 2A, 250V, Non-Time Delay	5	5992-0007
Chains and Chain Tensioners		
S Hook	2	3715-0000
Swivel Round Eye Double	2	7651-0000
Link, Master, #35, SBR	2	7938-1001
		1

Part numbers in this manual are subject to change or correction without notice. Minimum order charge is \$35, FOB Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Components replaced under warranty will be charged for in accordance with our RMA procedures. PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department must issue an authorization in advance of any claim for warranty and/or warranty labor. This list is based on the job as manufactured and shipped new from PFlow Industries, Inc. Any changes, updates, parts by others, or modifications after shipment are unknown to PFlow Industries, Inc.

Section 16 | Recommended Spare Parts M Series



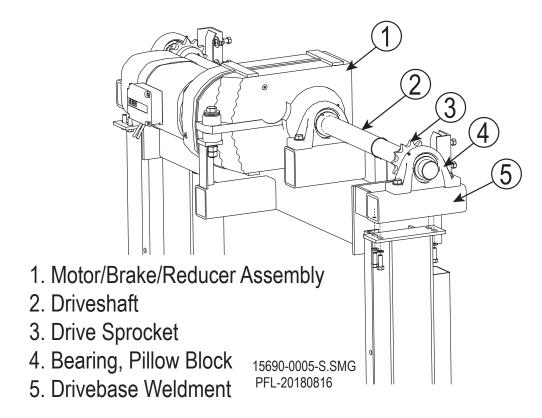


Before You Begin

Part numbers in this manual are subject to change without notice. Components replaced under warranty will be charged for in accordance with our RMA procedures. Minimum order charge is \$35, FOB Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

Drivebase Assembly

These are custom-designed components and vary by job. To ensure correct replacement components are used, consult the PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department for proper part numbers. Please have the SO number from the reducer assembly and the PFlow serial number available when requesting this information.

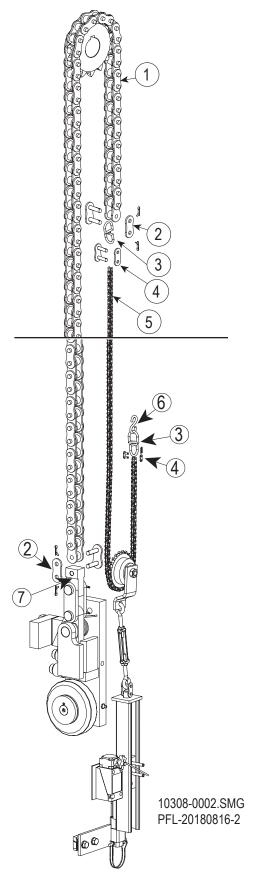




Chain Loop Arrangement

The following drawings illustrate the path of the lift chain and tensioner chain. The size of the drive and the chains vary by application. Consult PFlow Industries, Inc. Parts Department before ordering.

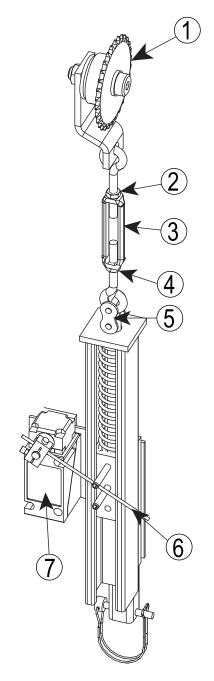
Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
1	1	5667-1000	Chain, #60
	1	2692-1000	Chain, #80
	1	2693-1000	Chain, #100
	1	4102-1000	Chain, #120
2	2	5667-1001	Master Link, #60 Chain
	2	2692-1001	Master Link, #80 Chain
	2	2693-1001	Master Link, #100 Chain
	2	4102-1001	Master Link, #120 Chain
3	2	7651-0000	Swivel, Round Eye Double
4	2	7938-1001	Master Link, #35 Chain
5	2	7938-0000	Chain, #35 x Length
6	2	3715-0000	"S" Hook
7	2	6191-0000	Toggle, #60 Chain
	1	6190-0000	Toggle, #80 Chain
	1	6189-0000	Toggle, #100 Chain
	1	6188-0000	Toggle, #120 Chain





Chain Tensioner Assembly

Item	Qty	Part No.	Description	
	1	10101-0000	Chain Tensioner Assembly with Right-hand Bracket, Single Pole Limit Switch, and Limit Switch Arm	
	1	10101-0001	Chain Tensioner Assembly with Left-hand Bracket, Single Pole Limit Switch, and Limit Switch Arm	
	1	10107-0035	Chain Tensioner Assembly without Limit Switch	
1	1	10244-0035	Sprocket and Bracket Assembly	
	1	10244-1000	Sprocket and Bracket Assembly, S/S	
2	1	6358-0010	Nut, 5/16-18, RH Thread	
3	1	2520-0000	Turnbuckle, Tensioner	
4	1	3732-0010	Nut, 5/16-18, LH Thread	
5	1	5668-0000	Link, Tensioner	
6	1	5959-0007	Arm, Limit Switch, 5" (127mm) Long	
7	1	2893-0000	Limit Switch	
		2893-0005	Limit Switch, Single Pole	
		6269-0000	Limit Switch, Double Pole	
		2889-0006	Limit Switch, XPF 4/7	
*	1	**	Bolt, Limit Switch Mounting	
*	1	**	Lock Washer, Limit Switch Mounting	
*	1	**	Washer, Limit Switch Mounting	
*	5"	4211-0000	Channel, Unistrut, P3300, 13/16	
Unistrut Mounting Hardware:				
*	2	5927-0020	Screw, HHC, 3/8-16x1.25, GR2	
*	2	5858-0011	Lock Washer, Std, 3/8	
*	2	6296-0011	Washer, Flat, Std, 3/8	
*	2	7879-0000	Nut, Twirl, 3/8-16	

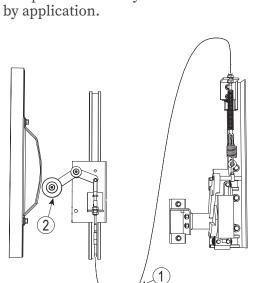


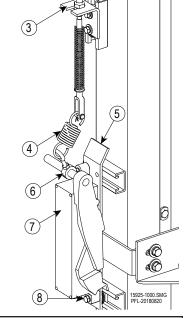
* Not Shown on Illustration

^{**} Contact PFlow Industries, Inc. Parts Department for part number. VRC serial number required.

Interlocks

The interlock is a device used to mechanically prevent the gate from opening. Below is the Anderson interlocks supplied. As a safety device, replacement components are only available as shown below. Some configurations may vary





Item	Qty	Part No.	Description	
1	1	9292-0120	10' Control Cable Assembly	
	1	9292-0180	15' Control Cable Assembly	
	1	9292-0300	25' Control Cable Assembly	
	1	9292-0360	30' Control Cable Assembly	
2	1	9280-0000	Roller Arm Assembly	
	1	2618-0000	Wheel only	
3	1	10170-0000	Bracket, Mtg, Control Cable	
4	1	**	Extension Spring	
5	1	10167-0000	Plate, Interlock, Gate V.A.	
6	6 1 9332-0009 S		Set Collar, Cable Interlock	
1 3694-0000 Eye Bolt, 1/4-2		3694-0000	Eye Bolt, 1/4-20, 1" Long	
1 6358-0009 Hex Nut, 1/4-20, PI		6358-0009	Hex Nut, 1/4-20, Plated	
7	1	2678-0000	Interlock, Anderson, LH	
	1 2678-0001 Interlock, Anderson, RH		Interlock, Anderson, RH	
	1	2678-4000	Interlock, Anderson, LH, Water Resistant	
	1	2678-4001	Interlock, Anderson, RH, Water Resistant	
	1	2678-0000-QD	Interlock, Anderson, LH, with Quick Disconnect	
	1	2678-0001-QD	Interlock, Anderson, RH, with Quick Disconnect	
	1	2678-4000-QD	Interlock, Anderson, LH, Water Resistant, with QD	
1 2678-4001-QD Interlock, Anderson, RH, Water		Interlock, Anderson, RH, Water Resistant, with QD		
8	1	6029-0020	Screw, HHC, 1/4-20, 1-1/4"	
	1 5858-0009 Lock Washer, Std, 1/4		Lock Washer, Std, 1/4	
	1	5834-0001	Nut, 1/4-20, with Spring	

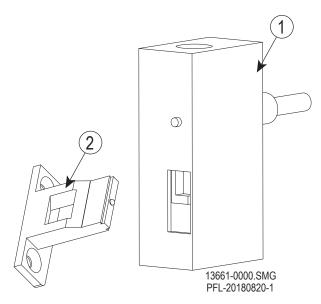
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^{**} Contact PFlow Industries, Inc. Parts Department for part number. VRC serial number required.



Interlocks

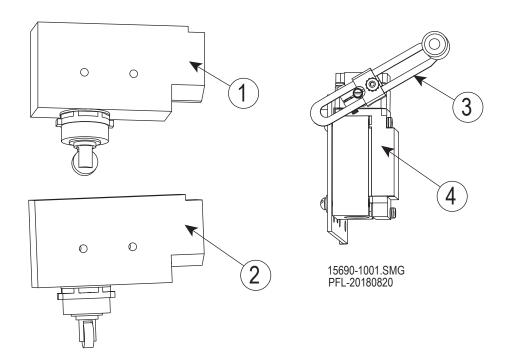
The interlock is a device used to mechanically prevent the gate from opening. Below is the GAL interlock supplied. As a safety device, replacement components are only available as shown below. Some configurations may vary by application.



Item	Qty	Part No.	Description	
1	1	13660-0000	Interlock, GAL, RH	
	1	13661-0000	Interlock, GAL, LH	
2	1	8078-0013	Keeper	

Gate Status Switches

A gate status switch is supplied when the contact are not being used. If required, it will be mounted to the gate post or header. Normally the GAL and Anderson interlocks do not use this switch. Specific order requirements may differ.



Item	Qty	Part No.	Description	
1	1	6220-0000	Roller Plunger, Parallel	
2	1	6216-0000 Roller Plunger, Perpendicular		
3	1	2891-0000	OOO Adjustable Roller Arm	
4	1	2893-0000	Switch, Limit, Single Pole	

(12)

(13)

(14)

(15)

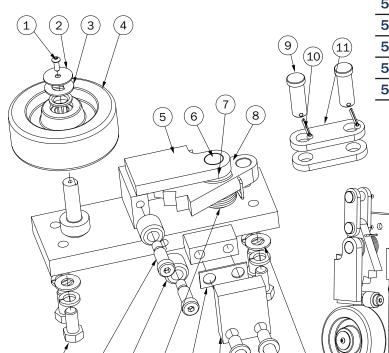
(16)

(17)

(18)

(19)

Upper Wheelblock Assembly Phenolic Wheel



(20)

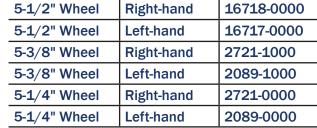
5-1/2" Wheel	Right-hand	16719-0000
5-1/2" Wheel	Left-hand	16720-0000
5-3/8" Wheel	Right-hand	6197-1000
5-3/8" Wheel	Left-hand	6196-1000
5-1/4" Wheel	Right-hand	6197-0000
5-1/4" Wheel	Left-hand	6196-0000

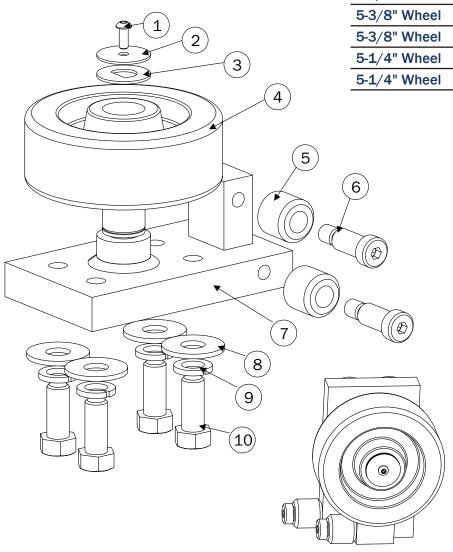
Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
1	1	2888-0010	BHSCS, 1/4-20 X 5/8
2	1	5222-0000	Washer, Flat
3	1	8774-0000	Washer, D, 3/4 ID X 1 1/2
4	1	16716-0000	Wheel, Phenolic, 5 1/2
	1	2591-1001	Wheel, Phenolic, 5 3/8
	1	2591-0001	Wheel, Phenolic, 5 1/4
5	1	5224-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper RH
	1	5223-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper LH
6	1	5230-0000	Pin, Cam, Wheelblock
7	1	8339-0000	Bearing, Thrust
8	1	6186-0000	Safety Cam Assy
9	2	2521-0000	Pin, Clevis, 3/4 X 2

Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
10	2	2522-0000	Pin, Cotter, 5/32 X 1 1/4
11	2	6187-0000	Link, Safety Cam
12	4	7278-0024	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 1.5, Gr5
13	2	5874-0020	Bolt, Shoulder, 5/8 X 1 1/4
14	2	5221-0000	Roller 1.25 OD Guide Plstc
15	1	2443-0000	Spring, Cam, Torsion
16	1	2767-0000	Spacer, Whibik Shoe, .08
17	1	2754-0000	Shoe, Wheelblock
18	2	2198-0040	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 2.25, Gr8
19	6	5858-0015	Lock Washer, Std, 5/8
20	4	6296-0015	Washer, Std, Flat, 5/8



Lower Wheelblock Assembly Phenolic Wheel





Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
1	1	2888-0010	BHSCS, 1/4-20 X 5/8
2	1	5222-0000	Washer, Flat
3	1	8774-0000	Washer, D, 3/4 ID X 1 1/2
4	1	16716-0000	Wheel, Phenolic, 5 1/2
	1	2591-1001	Wheel, Phenolic, 5 3/8
	1	2591-0001	Wheel, Phenolic, 5 1/4
5	2	5221-0000	Roller 1.25 OD Guide Plstc

Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
6	2	5874-0020	Bolt, Shoulder, 5/8 X 1 1/4
7	1	2079-0000	Whibik Widm, Lower RH
	1	5223-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper LH
8	4	6296-0015	Washer, Std, Flat, 5/8
9	6	5858-0015	Lock Washer, Std, 5/8
10	4	7278-0024	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 1.5, Gr5

Right-hand

Left-hand

Right-hand

Left-hand

Right-hand

Left-hand

16719-0010

16720-0010

6197-1010

6196-1010

6197-0010

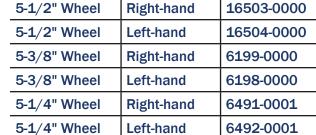
6196-0010

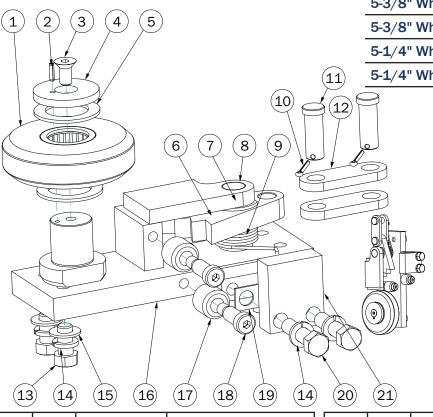
Upper Wheelblock Assembly Phenolic Wheel 5-1/2" Wheel with Heat Treated Link 5-1/2" Wheel (1) 5-3/8" Wheel 5-3/8" Wheel 5-1/4" Wheel 5-1/4" Wheel 0 (12)(20)(13) (14) (15) (16) (17)(19) (18)

Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
1	1	2888-0010	BHSCS, 1/4-20 X 5/8
2	1	5222-0000	Washer, Flat
3	1	8774-0000	Washer, D, 3/4 ID X 1 1/2
4	1	16716-0000	Wheel, Phenolic, 5 1/2
	1	2591-1000	Wheel, Phenolic, 5 3/8
	1	2591-0001	Wheel, Phenolic, 5 1/4
5	1	5224-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper RH
	1	5223-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper LH
6	1	5230-0000	Pin, Cam, Wheelblock
7	1	8339-0000	Bearing, Thrust
8	1	6186-0000	Safety Cam Assy
9	2	2521-0000	Pin, Clevis, 3/4 X 2

Item	Qty	Part No.	Description			
10	2	2522-0000	Pin, Cotter, 5/32 X 1 1/4			
11	2	6187-0001	Link, Safety Cam			
12	4	7278-0024	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 1.5, Gr5			
13	2	5874-0020	Bolt, Shoulder, 5/8 X 1 1/4			
14	2	5221-0000	Roller 1.25 OD Guide Plstc			
15	1	2443-0000	Spring, Cam, Torsion			
16	1	2767-0000	Spacer, Whibik Shoe, .08			
17	1	2754-0000	Shoe, Wheelblock			
18	2	2198-0040	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 2.25, Gr8			
19	6	5858-0015	Lock Washer, Std, 5/8			
20	4	6296-0015	Washer, Std, Flat, 5/8			

Upper Wheelblock Assembly Steel Wheel

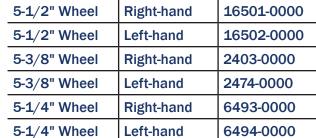


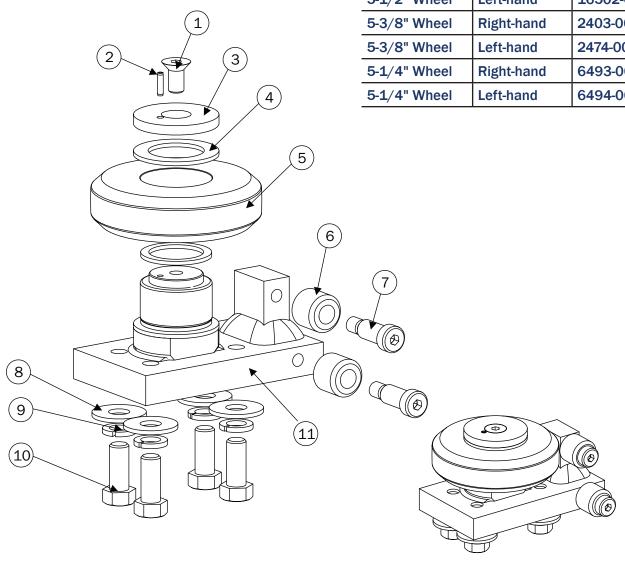


Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
1	1	16505-0000	Wheel, Steel, 5 1/2
	1	6304-0001	Wheel, Steel, 5 3/8
	1	6381-0001	Wheel, Steel, 5 1/4
2	1	5209-0012	Pin, Roll, 3/16 X 3/4" Lg
3	1	4299-0016	Screw, FHSC, 1/2-13 X 1
4	1	3629-0000	Washer, Retainer Steel
5	1	3622-0000	Washer, Thrust, 2 3/4 OD
6	1	6186-0000	Safety Cam Assy
7	1	8339-0000	Bearing, Thrust
8	1	5230-0000	Pin, Cam, Wheelblock
9	1	2443-0000	Spring, Cam, Torsion
10	2	2522-0000	Pin, Cotter, 5/32 X 1 1/4

$\overline{}$			
Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
11	2	2521-0000	Pin, Clevis, 3/4 X 2
12	2	6187-0000	Link, Safety Cam
13	4	7278-0024	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 1.5, Gr5
14	6	5858-0015	Lock Washer, Std, 5/8
15	4	6296-0015	Washer, Std, Flat, 5/8
16	1	5244-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper RH
	1	5245-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper LH
17	2	5221-0000	Roller 1.25 OD Guide Plastic
18	2	5874-0020	Bolt, Shoulder, 5/8 X 1 1/4
19	1	2767-0000	Spacer, Wheelblock Shoe
21	1	2754-0000	Shoe, Wheelblock
20	2	2198-0040	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 2.25, Gr8

Lower Wheelblock Assembly Steel Wheel

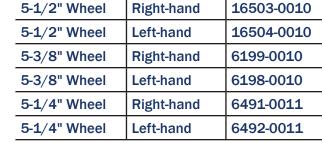


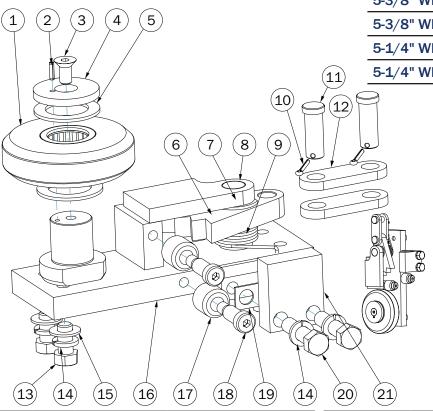


Item	Qty	Part No.	Description	
1	1	4299-0016	Screw, FHSC, 1/2-13 X 1	
2	1	5209-0012	Pin, Roll, 3/16 X 3/4" Lg	
3	1	3629-0000	Washer, Retainer Steel	
4	1	3622-0000	Washer, Thrust, 2-3/4 OD	
5	1	16505-0000	Wheel, Steel, 5 1/2	
	1	6304-0001	Wheel, Steel, 5 3/8	
	1	6381-0001	Wheel, Steel, 5 1/4	

Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
6	2	5221-0000	Roller 1.25 OD Guide Plstc
7	2	5874-0020	Bolt, Shoulder, 5/8 X 1 1/4
8	4	6296-0015	Washer, Std, Flat, 5/8
9	6	5858-0015	Lock Washer, Std, 5/8
10	4	7278-0024	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 1.5, Gr5
11	1	2400-0000	Whibik Widm, Lower RH
	1	2453-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper LH

Upper Wheelblock Assembly Steel Wheel with Heat Treated Link





Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
1	1	16505-0000	Wheel, Steel, 5 1/2
	1	6304-0001	Wheel, Steel, 5 3/8
	1	6381-0001	Wheel, Steel, 5 1/4
2	1	5209-0012	Pin, Roll, 3/16 X 3/4" Lg
3	1	4299-0016	Screw, FHSC, 1/2-13 X 1
4	1	3629-0000	Washer, Retainer Steel
5	1	3622-0000	Washer, Thrust, 2 3/4 OD
6	1	6186-0000	Safety Cam Assy
7	1	8339-0000	Bearing, Thrust
8	1	5230-0000	Pin, Cam, Wheelblock
9	1	2443-0000	Spring, Cam, Torsion
10	2	2522-0000	Pin, Cotter, 5/32 X 1 1/4

	(21)		
Item	Qty	Part No.	Description
11	2	2521-0000	Pin, Clevis, 3/4 X 2
12	2	6187-0001	Link, Safety Cam
13	4	7278-0024	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 1.5, Gr5
14	6	5858-0015	Lock Washer, Std, 5/8
15	4	6296-0015	Washer, Std, Flat, 5/8
16	1	5244-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper RH
	1	5245-0000	Whibik Widm, Upper LH
17	2	5221-0000	Roller 1.25 OD Guide Plastic
18	2	5874-0020	Bolt, Shoulder, 5/8 X 1 1/4
19	1	2767-0000	Spacer, Whibik Shoe
21	1	2754-0000	Shoe, Wheelblock
20	2	2198-0040	Screw, HHC, 5/8-11 X 2.25, Gr8

Environment

All components should be **stored indoors**. The area of storage should be kept at a constant temperature above 55° F (13° C) and relative humidity of approximately 40%, free from heavy dust and contaminants

NOTICE

Outdoor storage is **not** recommended. Our warranty policy does not cover damage as a result of improper storage.

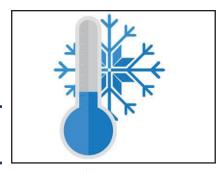
Stacking

Except for placing the parts container (crate) and bracing on the empty carriage, stacking of the various gate components is strictly forbidden. Enclosure and gate panels will warp. Objects stacked on top of the columns, drivebase assembly and/or hydraulic cylinders may cause severe damage. See Figure 18-2.

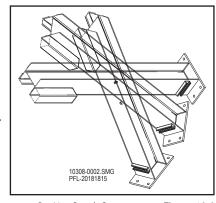
Long Term Storage

Storage for more than two months after shipment, will require that the following maintenance procedures be performed every sixty days from date of shipment:

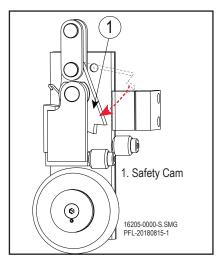
- 1. If *roller chains* are stored for an extended period of time or in a corrosive environment, they must be dipped or stored in a non-detergent oil to retain their original condition.
- 2. Lightly coat the *sprockets* with a non-detergent oil to prevent corrosion.
- Lubricate the *safety cams* on the exposed *wheelblock assemblies* with a non-detergent oil and rotate to make sure the safety cams move freely. See Figure 18-3.
- 4. Elevate the *drivebase assemblies* off the ground and cover with a tarp. Allow adequate ventilation to minimize condensation. Protect all exposed or unpainted shaft and flange surfaces with an anti-corrosion agent or grease. Store in a location free from shock and vibration, to avoid false brinelling of the bearing elements and raceways.



Avoid Cold Temperatures Figure 18-1



Do Not Stack Components Figure 18-2



Lubricate and Rotate Safety Cam Figure 18-3

Section 18 | Recommended Storage Requirements

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Long Term Storage (continued)

ADANGER



High Voltage! Employees servicing or maintaining VRCs may be exposed to death or serious personal injury if hazardous energy is not properly controlled. Follow your facilities procedures or OSHA lockout/tagout (LOTO) procedures anytime maintenance or service is being performed on any electrical box or component. Only qualified and trained service technicians are to apply power to the motor.

ACAUTION

The incoming voltage source must match the voltage identified on the rating tag. The rating tag provides essential technical information required for any installation, maintenance, or repairs. Do not remove, damage, or modify the rating tag.

NOTICE

ASME B20.1 defines a qualified person as a person who, by possession of a recognized degree or certificate of professional standing, or by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated his/her ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter and work.

- 5. Rotate the drivebase shaft. *Apply power* to the motor/brake with the correct voltage and correct brake wiring configuration with the vent plug installed in the reducer. This will rotate the drive shaft and cycle the brake once. *Manually cycle the brake* several times using the lever on the side of the motor. After rotating with temporary power, remove the vent plug and install the original plug to prevent contamination of the reducer oil. Before initial use, drain and replace the reducer oil.
- 6. Apply lithium-type grease to the *pillow block and bearings*. Wrap or trap the pillow blocks to avoid exposure to contaminants if needed.
- 7. Plug the *electrical component* inlets to prevent moisture and other contaminants from entering them. Store in a dry, temperature controlled location to prevent corrosion. Place silica gel desiccant inside the control enclosure. Inspect the inside of the control enclosure for any moisture build up. See Figure 18-4.
- 8. Make sure the *parts crate* remains sealed and dry.



For units stored longer than six months, it is recommended that you contact the PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department for additional information that may be available prior to starting up your unit.



Place Inside Control Enclosure Figure 18-4

Equipment Manuals

The VRC installation manual, electrical, and owner's manuals are located in the parts container (crate). Do not open the parts container (crate). If the manuals are required, contact the PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department for an electronic copy (.pdf).

Before You Begin

Read this entire manual.

Purpose

The PFlow Industries, Inc. Vertical Reciprocating Conveyor (VRC) is designed for the movement of materials only, up to the VRC's rated capacity, from one level to the next. Passengers are not allowed. The placement of capacity labels, and safety warnings are the installer's responsibility. Make sure the warning labels are placed on each gate and each push button station.

PFlow Industries, Inc. supplies the appropriate signage in a manilla envelope in the parts crate with the original shipment. Contact PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department for signage if another language is needed.



Section 19 | Signage Locations





Section 20 | Installation Questionnaire



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Thank You

PFlow Industries, Inc. would like to thank you for the opportunity to serve you. Your business is appreciated. Please help us to ensure that your expectations are met by taking a few minutes to tell us about the equipment and service that you have received. Complete the Installation Questionnaire and Acceptance Certificate. Return both forms to PFlow Industries, Inc. via e-mail to psd@pflow.com Additional space for comments is available on the next page.

			Yes√	No√						
Product Perception										
Was the equipment shipment c				<u> </u>						
What items were missing, if an	ıy?									
		_								
Was the equipment in good cor										
Describe the equipment damag	Describe the equipment damage or concerns with the workmanship, if any.									
Did the equipment match the G	General Arrangement (GA) d	rawing?	Τ	Π						
Was the equipment dimensiona	ally correct with form, fit, ar	nd function?		<u> </u>						
Describe any problem areas in	detail.									
· -										
Electrical Installation										
Was the electrical field wiring o	completed as required?									
Were there any issues with the										
After the electrical installation final adjustments, testing, and		ssary to return for								
Were you made aware of any el	lectrical problems?		†							
Describe any "No" answers area										
-										
Testing										
Was the equipment tested at full	all load capacity?									
Were all gates tested to ensure		ock operation?	†	\dagger						
	hacker at a mare	5 CT 0 F								
PFlow Serial Number	Customer/User		Date							
Questionnaire		E-mail Address								
Completed by		E-man Address								
Company										

Section 20 | Installation Questionnaire





Section 21 | Acceptance Certification - VRC



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Acceptance

We, the Customer, accept the equipment listed below as being properly installed, tested, and performing to our satisfaction. For the purpose of quality assurance by PFlow Industries, Inc., this form covers both the mechanical and the electrical installation of the equipment. This acceptance in no way releases either PFlow Industries, Inc. or the installing contractor(s) of any warranty obligations. If there are any exceptions or unresolved items, please include detailed information.

					Model Numbe					□ F	□ M	□ MQ	□ 21	□ CV	Other
Job Na	ame:	,										-			
Site St	reet Address:														
Site Mailing Address:															
Site Ci	ity:							State	:	Zip Code:					
Custo	mer Contact Name:							Conta	act	Titl	e:				
Custo	mer Contact Phone	: ()		Ext			E-Ma	il:						
	Load Capacity:							Start-	up	Dat	te:				
Performe	Load Test:	□ Yes	□ No	at % of lift capacity				Customer Initials:							
	Operation Test:	□ Yes	□ No					Comments:							
	Gate/Interlock Operation:	□ Yes	□No		Not Appli	cable									
Te	Other Test:														
	Other Test:		,												
Person	nnel Instructed on	the Operat	tion and Pr	event	ive Main	tenan	ce:								
Name	:					Comp	any	ny:							
Name	•					Comp	pany:								
Accep	Accepted by:						Acceptance Date:								
Name/Phone:						PFlow Rep Present:									
Title:								Name:							
Comp	any:							Company:							

Please return a copy of this form to the PFlow Industries, Inc. Product Support Department.

Section 21 | Acceptance Certification - VRC



